Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 22. VICTORIA, B. C. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1895. No. 72

XMAS GOODS

Cut Glass--Smelling Salts, Ink Stands, Pin Trays, Perfume Bottles.

Leather Goods--Purses, Card Cases, Cigarette Cases, Cigar Cases.

We have a Beautiful Stock of these Goods, Silver Mounted. Watch our Windows and our Announcements.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL, JEWELERS, 47 GOVERNMENT ST.

Received This Day
Friday, Nov. 15th,
AT
The WESTSIDE

By Express from the Manufacturers, One Case

Black Cloth Jackets.

These are of the very Newest Style, Silk and Half Silk Lined New French Back, Storm Collar; can be buttoned high at neck or worn open at will.

ALSO BY EXPRESS——

Pink, Cream and French Grey 16 Button Evening KID GLOVES. Also

WATERPROOFS AND UMBRELLAS, Good and Cheap.

Also Ladies' and Gents' Lined Kid and Fur Topped Gloves in great variety.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Westside, Nov. 15, 1895.

Go to Cheapside For Heating Stoves

MAUDE—We must have a Heating Stove this Winter, dear.

CHARLIE—Well, go down to Cheapside and get one. They have a big variety and their prices are always right.

GEO. POWELL & CO., CHEAPSIDE, 127 GOVERNMENT. ST.

Little Drops of Water

Little savings lay the foundation of a fortune. We are trying to help you to lay the foundation. We expect ours in Small Profits giving you goods at jobbers' prices.

Soap : :

The best 15 cent bar in town.
Ross bar, 5 cents.
Electric at 65 cents a box, or 7 bars for 25 cents is very detersive.

Our Blend Tea at 20 cents is a cup winner. Those Eastern Oysters in tin and shell are toothsome. Just in: Ontario Sweet Apple Cider. by the gallon or bottle, 'au naturel."

DIXI H. ROSS & CO., 127 Government Street.

Epicures

HAVE YOU TRIED THOSE SALMON TIPS? THEY ARE DELICIOUS.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.,

.....The Leading Grocers.

Pin Your Faith

To London Hospital Cough Cure. It will not disappoint you.

JOHN COCHRANE

Prescription Druggist, N. W. Corner Yates and Douglas streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHINGLES FOR SALE—200 M at $1.10 in lots to suit purchaser. Apply Munn, Holland & Co, 26 1-2 Broad street. no20-1t

FOR SALE—Light wagon in good running order, 4 springs, double seats; also set of harness. Apply Wm. Andean, Stanley Avenue. nov20-1t

LOST—This morning, a lady's belt made of brown polished seeds, on Government or Bastion street. Finder please leave it at Times Office. nov20-1t

WANTED—Small store or part of store for news stand on or near Government street. Apply G. Marsden, P. O. Box 528. nov20-6t

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Jerseys, 1 cow and calf, $85; 1 cow $70; 2 heifers $55 and $35. T. S. Dobbin, Lake Hill Farm, or H. M. Naval Yard, Esquimalt. nov20-tf

FOR SALE—Extra good cow; newly calved. A. J. Woodward, Ross Bay. nov202t

WANTED—Good general servant, who can cook; good wages. Mrs. Piercy, 169 Menzies street, James Bay. nov20-3t

THE BEAUTIFUL SOUTHERN DRAMA

"LYNWOOD"

Will be repeated at the A. O. U. W. Hall on

FRIDAY EVENING NEXT.

Admission 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents. nov20-3t

CUT RATES
—TO—
PUGET · SOUND
S.S. "ROSALIE."

Daily Except Sunday
At 9 a.m.

To Seattle $1.00
To Tacoma $1.50

For tickets and information call on

J. K. DEVLIN, Agent
75 Government street.

Money to Loan

On Security of Improved Property.

HEISTERMAN & CO.,
75 Government Street

For Sale.

Lots at junction of Douglas and Government Streets known as the Heywood property. The cheapest buy in the city at the present time.

HEISTERMAN & CO.,
75 Government street.

FIRST TIME IN VICTORIA

VICTORIA THEATRE

TO-NIGHT AND TO-MORROW NIGHT

MATINEE TO-MORROW.

First Big Production

CLEOPATRA

The Greatest Actress

Miss Lillian Lewis

A STAR CAST.

A Dramatic Spectacle not Excelled by Any Production Given Any Dramatic Composition.

CHORUS. BALLET.

All the Scenery used. Cleopatra's Barge, The Famous Storm Scene. Immense Tableaux Vivant. Gorgeous Costumes. Panoramic Views, and the Greatest Novelty and Sensation.

THE BAREFOOT BALLET.

Prices, Orchestra chairs, $1.50; Orchestra Circle, Dress Circle, $1.00; Gallery, 50c. Matinee prices, Orchestra chairs, $1; Orchestra Circle, 75c.; Dress Circle, 50c.; Gallery, 25c. Matinee prices for Children, Orchestra Chairs and Orchestra Circle, 50c., Dress Circle, 25c.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR ASSEMBLY.

Resolution Condemning U. S. Supreme Court for Alleged Partiality.

Washington, Nov. 20.—In the general assembly of the Knights of Labor yesterday, Master Workman Sovereign presented the following resolution, which was adopted unanimously: "Whereas the Supreme court of the United States has affirmed the decision of Judge Ross, which decision raised a misdemeanor to a felony, and sent the local officers of the A. R. U. at Los Angeles, Cal., to prison for 18 months; whereas the decision of the United States Supreme court places all labor organizations in the role of criminal conspirators, and has imposed the penalty for the commission of crime itself. Resolved, that this general assembly of the Knights of Labor earnestly protests against such a travesty of justice and outrage on the liberties of the people, and condemns the said court for its partial ruling in the interests of the plutocratic classes and its abolition of the constitutional rights of the laboring people."

In supporting the resolution Mr. Sovereign said the imprisoned men had acted as a committee, one of them urging a railroad engineer not to take the place of Vericker and thus become a scab. There had been, he asserted, no interference, no threats, the engineer volunteered to talk to the committee.

Catarrh can be successfully treated only by purifying the blood, and the one true blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Pain from indigestion, dyspepsia and too hearty eating, is relieved at once by taking one of Carter's Little Liver Pills immediately after dinner. Don't forget this.

SALISBURY AND SULTAN

Turkey's Ruler Has Written an Appealing Letter to Great Britain's Premier

Asking Him to Assure the Public of the Sultan's Good Intentions.

Long Years of Error Must be Paid for, Says Lord Salisbury.

London, Nov. 20.—Speaking at the annual conference of the National Union of the Conservative association yesterday, Lord Salisbury said among other things: "Allow me to say a few words in answer to a very distinguished distant correspondent, if I may term him so, who requested me to make a statement in a speech to the country. This correspondent is no less a person than the Sultan of Turkey. Nothing would have induced me to read this august message here except the distinct commands of the sender. In the speech at the Guildhall I expressed the opinion and said that I had confidence that the reforms promised for the Turkish empire would not be carried into execution. The Sultan states that the statement has pained him very much, as the carrying out of the reforms is a matter already decided upon by him, and further, that he is desirous of executing them as soon as possible. He then proceeds as follows: 'I have already told my ministers this, and the only reason why Lord Salisbury should thus throw doubts on my intentions must be due to the intrigues of certain persons there or elsewhere, or false statements must have been made to cause such an opinion.' The message then proceeds after some intermediary observations: 'I repeat I will execute these reforms. I will see myself that every article is put into force. This is my earnest determination, and I give you my word of honor. I wish Lord Salisbury to know this, and I beg and declare that his lordship, having confidence in these declarations, will make another speech by virtue of the friendly feeling and disposition he has for me and my country. I shall await the result of this with the greatest anxiety.'

Lord Salisbury then continued: "These last words will acquit me of any impropriety in what I acknowledge to be a very unprecedented course, the reading of a communication of that kind at a public meeting. I could not abstain from doing what I have done without discourtesy to that distinguished potentate from whom this message issued, but, of course, it would not be seemly for me to comment directly upon these words. Great Britain forms part of concerted Europe, which has resolved, so far as it acts, to act with unanimity. Some persons seem to imagine that we, the people of Great Britain, can direct the decisons of all the European Powers. This is crediting us with more influence than we possess. Whatever is done must be done with unanimity, and we can only speak on behalf of one of the Powers which will concur, if they concur, in any action which may be taken. I will not admit that the responsibility of any decisions taken rests entirely or mainly on this country. The responsibility is upon us and upon all the Powers in common. All those who have this responsibility must act together, so that if there are others who cannot agree to act with the Powers they cannot have their own way. But I am in no wise desirous of intimating that the slightest shade of disagreement up to this moment has arisen between the Powers."

Lord Salisbury then proceeded to extol Rustem Pasha, who, he feared, would not recover from his present illness. The prime minister spoke especially of the former administration of Rustem Pasha at Lebanon, and said he was convinced if men like him had been placed in charge of the districts where all this horror has occurred they would never have happened. If there had been men around the Sultan like Rustem Pasha present conditions would not exist. The present troubles could not be solved by the external action of the advising Powers. This Lord Salisbury pronounced a cumsy device at best.

Continuing, he said the problem should have been solved by the natural operations of the working counsellors of enlightened monarchy, acting through efficient and competent instruments.

Lord Salisbury added: "I do not see who the men are who are to attend as representatives of the Rustem Pasha type at the Sublime Porte. I exhort you to consider that this terrible Armenian problem is quite as much one of competent men as of adequate law, that the mere writing of new provisions upon fresh decrees cannot supply the place of governors who know how, and, what is equally important, who have the courage to do their duty. I have no doubt that the Powers will do their best, but do not imagine that deep seated diseases in an empire can be cured by the wave of a magician's wand. The result of long years of error will have to be paid for, and cruel and inexorable is the law that those will pay who were not originally guilty of the offence.

"I have taken you for the moment into the unaccustomed field of foreign policy. Nothing but the circumstances to which I have referred would have induced me to do so, for I maintain that a foreign minister, above all others, is bound to value and cherish the virtue of silence."

Lord Salisbury then turned to domestic affairs, and said that the Conservative victory was mainly due to the fact that the magnetic influence of a great statesman, which had been exercised in a sinister spirit, had been removed. In conclusion, he dwelt upon the divisions among the Irishmen, and said that if they were left alone they would cut their own throats.

The Morning Post, in an editorial this morning, says that it must be admitted that Lord Salisbury's warning to the Sultan was as unrelenting as the circumstances were cruel. No one can fail to be struck by the pathetic dignity and frank earnestness of the Sultan's reply to the lord mayor's day dinner address.

The Standard says that the pathetic sincerity of the letter to Lord Salisbury will gain for the Sultan the sympathy of all Englishmen. The only effect of the Sultan's letter and Lord Salisbury's speech is to confirm the prime minister's judgment as to the chief responsibility for the breakdown of the government of Turkey.

The Daily News, commenting upon the letter of the Sultan to Lord Salisbury, says that the incident shows that callous as the Sultan certainly is, he really cares for public opinion and for the good wishes of the people of Great Britain.

The Chronicle says that no undignified and childish an act is unprecedented in the history of the diplomatic world, and adds that the Sultan's repentance probably comes too late.

The Times this morning prints an editorial commenting upon the speech of Lord Salisbury at Brighton, and asserts that the letter written by the Sultan to the prime minister was a remarkable tribute to the influence which Lord Salisbury holds in Europe. The Times adds that it may be doubted as to whether the Sultan will be greatly pleased with the result of his appeal, since Lord Salisbury declines to act outside of the concerted Powers.

A dispatch to the Daily News from Rome gives additional information concerning the negotiations between Russia and Austria, so far as the Turkish empire is concerned. The correspondent of the Daily News at Rome says that Austria proposes that the combined fleets of Russia and Austria should force the Dardanelles, and that their joint armies should occupy Constantinople, if necessary. To these propositions Russia declined to agree.

The correspondent says it is reported in official circles that, in view of the possible disruption of Turkey, Russia and Great Britain are negotiating an agreement which will give the Czar a free hand for the occupation or annexation of Anatolia, while Great Britain will have the right to establish a permanent protectorate in Egypt.

The Telegraph publishes a dispatch from Constantinople which asserts that no news of fresh disturbances in Asia Minor have been received since Saturday, and that confidence is apparently being restored. At Aleppo it is hoped that the worst is over and it is believed that quiet has been re-established in European Turkey. The correspondent also announces that the Armenian women of Constantinople have addressed a memorial and an appeal to Lady Somerset, well known for her work in the W. C. T. U. in particular, and for her efforts as a humanitarian in general.

London, Nov. 20.—Lord Salisbury was granted an audience by the Queen at Windsor castle yesterday. It is supposed that the message to the Sultan concerning affairs in the Turkish empire has been sent by the Queen, and that this was the subject under discussion.

Vienna, Nov. 20.—Commenting on the refusal of Russia (announced in a dispatch from Rome to the London Times) to agree to the proposals of Austria for the settlement of the Turkish question, the semi-official Fremdenbu declares that Russia assents to the Austrian proposal in the main, but objects to the provision empowering the embassies at Constantinople to adopt such temporary measures as they see fit in case of momentary danger. Russia contends that they should not be invested with such extensive powers, but that any measures taken by the embassies should be preceded by an understanding between the different cabinets interested.

Constantinople, Nov. 20.—A dispatch from Tiflis, Russian Transcaucasia, says the Armenian Catholics have received a reply to the communication recently sent to the Russian ambassador here, M. de Nelidoff. It is as follows: "The Armenians of Constantinople city are now reassured they are threatened with no danger. In the provinces, however, there are regrettable conflicts which in most cases are caused by the Armenians, who were instigated by their revolutionary committee. The result was a terrible revenge on the part of the Turks in the shape of horrible massacres of the Christians.

The Sultan has sanctioned the scheme for reforms submitted by the three great Powers, and preparations are now proceeding to carry them out. To this end it is necessary that the leaders of the people should persuade the latter to desist from any revolutionary attempt, to abandon the idle hope of foreign intervention, stop all disturbances and co-operate in the re-establishment of general peace, in improving the situation and in

(Continued on Page 8.)

THE FINAL TRENCH.

On North Ontario Depends the Chance of a Little Longer Lease of Life.

The Premier to Dissolve Parliament and Retire if the Government is Beaten.

The Troops Returning From Lowe—Quiet is Reported as Being Restored.

Ottawa, Nov. 20.—Mr. Lariviere, M. P., of Manitoba, arrived to-day and had a long talk with Premier Bowell on the remedial bill.

It is said here now that should the government be defeated in North Ontario Sir Mackenzie Bowell will dissolve parliament and retire.

The troops will return from Lowe to-day, reaching here at 6 o'clock. All is reported quiet.

RUSTEM PASHA DIED TO-DAY.

And the Turkish Empire Lost One of its Few Good Men.

London, Nov. 20.—The death of Rustem Pasha, Turkish ambassador to London, which occurred early this morning, has been anticipated for some time. His demise is generally regretted in official circles, as his upright conduct and generous disposition were appreciated by all.

His good qualities were feelingly referred to by the Marquis of Salisbury in an important speech made yesterday at Brighton before the National Union of the Conservative association.

CANADIAN CONDENSATIONS.

Doings in Various Parts of the Dominion During the Day.

Toronto, Nov. 20.—The Evening Telegram's special cable says: At Aldridge's repository to-day seventy horses, owned by Mr. Flanagan, of Toronto, were put under the hammer, and averaged £27. Twenty-two horses, a first importation from Prince Edward Island, fetched poor prices at the Islington repository.

Kilsby, the ex-Canadian dragoon, who was stationed at Toronto about eighteen months ago, and who was arrested here and convicted on a charge of stabbing a woman one night in the vicinity of Westminster, was to-day sentenced to one year's imprisonment.

Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 20.—East Wellington Reformers have selected John Patterson as a candidate for the vacancy in the legislature.

Halifax, Nov. 20.—The steamer Albert, of Caarlottetown, P. E. I., with a cargo of produce from Placentia, Nfld., is a total wreck on the Newfoundland coast. The cablegram does not say what became of the crew, but it is believed they are saved.

Rat Portage, Ont., Nov. 20.—The reduction works here were started yesterday, and the whole twenty stamps, with all the machinery connected therewith, are now in perfect condition. These works are not only a credit to Rat Portage, but to the country at large.

JABEZ BALFOUR CONVICTED.

With His Confederates in the Liberator Building Society Frauds.

London, Nov. 20.—In the Queen's bench divison of the high court of justice to-day, Jabez Spencer Balfour, Geo. Edward Brock, John Thomas Wright and Morel Theobald, charged with fraud and other offences in connection with the management of the Liberator group of companies, which has been in progress since October 25, before a special jury, was concluded, and all the prisoners named were found guilty. Sentence was postponed. George Dibley, who was tried on the same charges, and with the other Liberator defendants, was acquitted.

Cable News.

Rome, Nov. 20.—Cardinal Bonoparte died from appoplexy this morning. Cardinal Bonoparte was a cardinal priest, the second in order of precedence. He was born at Rome on November 15, 1825, and was crated a cardinal on March 13, 1858.

Beware of Fraud.

Kurtz & Co.'s Spanish Blossom Cigars have the blue Pacific Coast label on every box, all others under the same brand are imitations made of inferior tobacco. Kurtz & Co. have union men only in their shop.

—"Reval" Cigarettes (Turkish manufactured from the genuine pure Turkish tobacco, Egyptian blend. 15 cents per package.

HAPPENINGS AT THE HUB

A Novel Singing Contest—Barbers Generally Observe Sunday Closing Law.

Chicago's School Question—Cleveland to Retire Greenbacks—A Six Hour Day.

Chicago, Nov. 20.—Preparations are being made to bring about a novel singing contest, to be held at the Auditorium, Saturday, January 11, 1896. This concert, it is said, will eclipse anything ever seen in this city. It is to be under the auspices of the Swedish National association, and the receipts of the entertainment will go to the new Swedish labor bureau, which has just opened its headquarters in this city to help the unemployed of the Swedish nationality. Representatives of the following different nationalities have been invited to participate in the singing: English, German, French, Norwegian, Bohemian, Welsh, Polish, Irish and Swiss, and some of them have already accepted the invitation. The Swedish singers, with a chorus of five hundred to six hundred voices, will open and close the concert. The idea is to have the different nationalities sing in their own language, and to the one which carries off the prize for the best singing will be presented a handsome silk banner. The judges who will award the prize will be composed of well known newspaper men and prominent citizens of Chicago. The large chorus of Swedish singers have already begun their practice work for the entertainment.

Sunday closing was generally observed yesterday among the barber shops in down town districts and hotels. The only hotels that kept shops open were the Great Northern and the Tremont, although a number of the financial hostelries kept a number of barbers in reserve, and no guest of the house was compelled to go unshaved. At several of the large hotels it was stated that if the law compelling the shops to close was found constitutional, contrary to the decision of Judge Gibbons, rendered on Saturday, the law would be complied with, but it was plain to be seen that there was a hopefulness that the law would be knocked out.

Bible reading in the public schools was the subject of a short but animated controversy at the meeting of the Chicago labor congress last evening. Delegate F. G. Hopps, secretary of the congress, introduced a resolution protesting against the recently suggested innovation on the ground that the schools should be devoted to the teaching of economic principles and things of this life, leaving the matters of religion to the choice of the individual. He urged instead of "select passages from the Bible," the school board should cause "choice selections from writers on trade unionism" to be read to the pupils. The resolution was adopted with little opposition.

A special from Washington says: President Cleveland, in his annual message to congress, will recommend the retirement of greenbacks. This recommendation will be the chief feature of the message so far as domestic affairs are concerned.

Chicago bricklayers have decided to ask for a six hour day when the present agreement which the organization has with the Master Masons' association has expired. This will be next spring, and the organization has already begun to make arrangements to accommodate itself to what it expects to be the new order of things. The question of how best to serve the interests of the entire membership of the Bricklayers' association, which has largely increased of recent years, has been canvassed from all sides, and the decision has been reached that in no more fitting way can it be done than by reducing the working day to six hours. It is not believed by the officers or rank and file that a strike will result from the effort to reduce the working day. There are no non-union bricklayers in Chicago, and it is said that there are few employers who would care to engage them if there were. There will be no monetary loss to the builders, and consequently it is expected that when the appointed time comes the six hour day will move off without a hitch.

The streets are covered with three inches of mixed mud and snow. Traffic in the city is hampered, and pedestrians have a terrible time. Telegraph and telephone communication with the North west and many points west are seriously interrupted, while trains are delayed.

IT RUNS IN THE FAMILY.

Jacob H. Vanderbilt Sued by his Wife, Who Wants More Alimony.

New York, Nov. 20.—The family troubles of Jacob H. Vanderbilt, of Tacoma, who is a nephew of Commodore Vanderbilt, were aired in Judge Barrett's court to-day. In 1877 Mr. Vanderbilt went west. His wife, Mrs. Mary S. Vanderbilt, secured a legal separation, with $1,200 a year alimony, on the ground of desertion. Recently she applied to have the alimony increased to $3,000 a year, asserting that Mr. Vanderbilt received $5,000 a year from his father's estate and $1,500 a year salary from a Tacoma bank. The motion was heard to-day, and Mr. Vanderbilt claimed his salary was but $900 and the estate of his father was non-productive. The judge reserved his decision.

AN OLD CONVICT SET FREE.

Gov. McGraw Pardons Genino, Serving a Life Term in State Prison.

Walla, Walla, Nov. 20.—Eremino Genino, an Italian under life sentence for a murder committed in Skamania county fourteen years ago, has been pardoned. The impression has long prevailed that Genino was the innocent victim of perjured testimony. At the time of the trial Genino had been in America a short time, was unable to speak or understand the English language, and was at a disadvantage to defend himself. For several years friends have been endeavoring to secure his pardon, and at the last session of the K. of P. grand lodge, held in Walla Walla in May, 1895, petitions were prepared, circulated and numerously signed, asking the governor for a pardon. The pardon was received by the governor on Saturday, and Genino was released on Sunday. He had served thirteen years and three months. He had served a longer term than any other convict in Walla Walla.

THE LAST OF AMY ROSELLE.

Her Body and That of Her Husband Found in Australia.

New York, Nov. 20.—Concerning the report from Sydney, N. S. W., of the finding of the bodies of Arthur Dacre and his wife, Amy Roselle, the former with his throat cut, the latter with a bullet wound in her body, the World says: Arthur Dacre and his wife were last seen in this country five years ago. He came here as the leading man for Mrs. Leslie Carter. He left her company, which was then playing "The Ugly Duckling," shortly after on account of a difficulty with Ed. Price, manager of the star. Mr. Dacre had been engaged by Mrs. Carter's manager to take a leading part in the cast at a salary of $250 a week. He had a contract which guaranteed him a season of twenty-five weeks. He was advanced $1,000 before leaving London, the contract stipulating that this amount should not be deducted until the last four weeks of his engagement. Shortly after commencing his duties he was discharged as incompetent—a disappointment to the public and press, as he claimed. Then came the effort to prevent his accepting any other engagement in this city. There was a court decision that, as he was not a star, his place could be filled, and that he did no injury to Mrs. Carter by accepting other engagements, with an intimation by the court that the attempt to enjoin him looked like petty spite. Mr. Dacre, whose family name is James, appeared first in America in 1878 under Dion Boucicault, making his chief success as Capt. Molyneux in "The Shaughraun." He started in life as a doctor, and after studying at Guy's hospital became an M. D., M. C., and M. R. C. S. On returning to London from this country Mr. Dacre supported Mr. Wilson Barrett at the London Court.

Miss Roselle made her London debut as Lady Teasle in 1871. Following her appearances under Mr. Sothern in "An English Gentleman," Miss Roselle came with that actor to this country. Miss Roselle's most conspicuous successes were, however, achieved in two parts which she made her own. The first of these was Mary Melrose in "Our Boys," which she created and played through the whole run of three thousand nights at the Vaudeville theatre. The second was Lillian Vavasour in Bronson Howard's "Banker's Daughter," produced in England at the Court theatre under the title of "The Old Love and the New," and in which Charles Coghlan was the John Stratton. Here she first met Mr. Dacre, who was a superb Harold Kenyon. About this time rumors of Mr. Dacre's differences with his wife and his attachment to Miss Roselle began to circulate through the professional circles in London and New York. The trouble culminated in a suit for divorce brought by Mr. Dacre. In the end Mrs. Dacre's innocence was fully proven. Subsequently she sued her husband for divorce under the statutory grounds with Miss Roselle, and won her case. Dacre and Miss Roselle were afterwards married.

SEEKING RECOGNITION.

Another Cuban Leader Said to Have Come to the United States.

Philadelphia, Nov. 20.—Gen. Bartolome Masso, vice-president of the Cuban republic, and a general of the eastern division, is believed to have landed in this country Friday night, from the steamer Leon, which arrived here last night. This statement is denied, however, by Colonel Nunez, of the local Cubans, and the captain of the Leon. It was stated on good authority that when she left that port she had on board Gen. Masso, his son, a young man 22 years of age; Dr. Joaquin Caitillo, Senor Veona and 25 other Cubans. They were, it is said, coming to this country in order to aid Senor Palma to present to the American congress the cause of Cuban freedom. While the Cubans in the United States desire to have their case made as strong as possible when the proper time comes, they have strongly advised against Gen. Masso leaving the island. The Marquis of Santa Lucia, the vice-president, left for this country during the last war, and the result was disastrous. The same position was taken by Cuban leaders on the island. It is said Masso has thrown all these objections aside and has come here. Word was sent to New York and it was learned at 10 p.m., yesterday, that Secretary Quesada, of the Cuban revolutionary party in this country, and H. S. Rubens, counsel for the revolutionists, met the visitors and went with them to New York.

The seizure of the steamer Laurada at Charleston, S. C., by the United States authorities created much excitement in maritime circles yesterday. Captain John D. Hart, the agent of the vessel in this city, said:

"I leave to-night for Charleston, and expect to be in the United States court in that city on Monday with my lawyers. I shall provide the amount of bail needed to release Captain Hughes. I shall put the vessel in some dock, cancel the insurance policies and permit her to remain there until this case is settled. I feel that the suit brought against her and the captain for violation of the neutrality laws and also the one in libel by J. C. Kerr, of New York, cannot be proven."

Madrid, Nov. 20.—It is reported that General Campos is about to introduce numerous political reforms in Cuba. Advices from Havana state that General Maximo Gomez, the insurgent leader, is now within five hours' marching distance of General Campos' headquarters. The Heraldo's Havana correspondent says General Campos denies all reports of an armstice or any suspension of hostilities against the insurgents. Reports have been received here stating that during the last voyage of the steamer Catalina 170 convicts and 300 volunteers mutinied and tried to escape the vessel. The marines succeeded in suppressing them after a conflict in which many were wounded. Twenty of the principal culprits have been sent back to Spain.

—China tea sets at Cheapside.

There is

a sense of security in knowing that the hoops wont fall off your tubs and pails on wash-day.

This luxury is enjoyed only by those using

E. B. Eddy's INDURATED FIBREWARE

The hoops dont fall off—because there are none.

DENVER'S MODERN MESSIAH

Continues To Heal the Lame and Sick in Thousands.

New York, Nov. 20.—Hon. Joseph Manley, who returned from the West to-day, talked about Schlatter, the Colorado "healer."

"I drove out to his home," said he, "just out of Denver. It is worth $200 perhaps. I saw 5000 people waiting for Schlatter's daily appearance. I did not need to be blessed or cursed, but my New England instinct was very much strained when I saw this man, poorer than Job ever dared to be, receive all these people, help them and not take a cent for it. Fifty thousand dollars was offered him to go to St. Louis, but he refused, saying he was not after money. Was not that remarkable? They would think him crazy down our way. Perhaps he is."

THE UNION PACIFIC FLYER.

All Records of the Road to be Knocked Sky High.

Omaha, Nov. 20.—The initial Union Pacific train to shorten time between Chicago and San Francisco, in conjunction with the Northwestern and Southern Pacific, left Omaha five minutes late at 8:15 this morning. It arrived from Chicago four minutes late. It was equipped with two Pullman palace cars, a diner, chair car and two day coaches. The train carried thirty-four through passengers. The schedule is many hours faster than anything before attempted in the west. Ogden, 1032 miles from Omaha, will be reached at 1:40 Tuesday afternoon; Salt Lake, 1069 miles, at 3 p.m. Tuesday; San Francisco, 1864 miles, at 8:45 p.m. on Wednesday; Los Angeles, 2219 miles, 10 a.m. Thursday. The fast mail, which has been the pride of the line, now takes secondary place, but is still a very fast train.

—Imported Egyptian Cigarettes cannot compare with the "Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish). 15 cents per package.

THE CLEVELAND CATASTROPHE

The Motorman Released on Bail—All the Bodies Found.

Cleveland, Nov. 20.—Late this afternoon Myron T. Herricks and S. S. Warner signed a $15,000 bail bond, and August Rogers, the motorman on the car that plunged through the central viaduct draw on Saturday night, was given his liberty.

The body of the seventeenth, and probably the last victim of the accident was recovered from the river this afternoon. It was that of Matthew Callinan, and it was buried in the mud directly where the trucks of the motor had been. Callinan had been included in the missing from the first, and it was certain that he was dead. The search for the bodies has now been abandoned.

The recital of his experience by Patrick Looney, the sole survivor of the accident, leads to the belief that all the victims were unconscious when they struck the water. "The first promintion I had that anything was wrong," said Looney to-day, "was when the car pushed forward. Like a flash it came to me that the draw was open and that we were going into the river. I know I made a dash for the rear door. I remember that well. I have a dim remembrance of getting hold of the handle of the rear door. That is all."

Nervous Prostration

It is now a well established fact in medical science that nervousness is due to impure blood. Therefore the true way to cure nervousness is by purifying and enriching the blood. The great blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read this letter:

"For the last two years I have been a great sufferer with nervous prostration and palpitation of the heart. I was weak in my limbs and had smothered sensations. At last my physician advised me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did, and I am happy to say that I am now strong and well. I am still using Hood's Sarsaparilla and would not be without it. I recommend it to all who are suffering with nervous prostration and palpitation of the heart." MRS. DALTON, 56 Alice St., Toronto, Ontario. Get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today. "It is not what we say but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does that tells the story.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c.

KING OF ASHANTI AFRAID.

He Will Comply With the Demands of Great Britain.

London, Nov. 20.—The Daily News announces that the Hon. Jos. Chamberlain was interviewed to-day regarding Ashanti.

Mr. Chamberlain accepted the assurances of the envoys that King Prempeh would comply with the demands of Great Britain and that he would also pay the cost of the preparations for war already made.

Mr. Chamberlain also stipulated that the envoys should start for Kurmasi on Saturday of next week to prepare a treaty of peace. Meantime war preparations will be continued and the British force will be prepared for an emergency in case Kink Prempeh, the ruler of Ashanti should suddenly try to repudiate any overtures which he has made looking to the signing of the treaty of peace.

CANADIAN NIAGARA COMPANY

Making Another Set of Harness for the Great Torrent.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Nov. 20.—It is now definitely settled that work on the power plant for the Canadian Niagara Company will begin within four months. It is to be pushed along with all haste, so that power can be furnished within the prescribed time.

Mr. Rankin said to-day that the franchise called for the furnishing of power in 1897, but that the company would be doing it long before that time. The plant on the Canadian side of the river will be considerably larger than that on the American side. There are some arrangements to be made before starting at the tunnel for the big plant, but it is promised that it will not be long before everything is ready to go ahead with the work.

It is said that applications have been received from several manufacturers for power from the American plant, but no positive statements can be secured for publication. Mr. Rankin will be here all this week.

—Perfume your room by smoking "Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish). 15 cents per package.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Administrator's Notice.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of Margaret J Smith, otherwise known as Mattie Smith, Deceased, Intestate.

Notice is hereby given that under an order granted by Mr. Justice Drake dated the 15th day of November, 1895, the undersigned was appointed administrator of all and singular, the goods, chattels and credits of the above deceased.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 31st day of December, A. D., 1895, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness forthwith.

WM. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

nov14-1week

In the Matter of the Estate and Effects of Archibald Turner, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the Honorable Theodore Davie, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, has granted probate of the will of Archibald Turner to Simeon Duck and Oregon Columbus Hastings, the executors therein named.

All persons indebted to or having claims against the estate are to make payment or application for payment as the case may be to the executors at the office of the undersigned.

Dated this 9th day of November, 1895.

WILLIAM DUCK,
Room 6, Duck Building, Broad street, Victoria. Solicitor for the Executors.

nov9-1mo.

In the goods of Carlo Bossi, Deceased

All persons indebted to the estate of the late Carlo Bossi, deceased, are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness forthwith to the undersigned or to Americo Vincenzo Bossi, No. 185 Johnson Street, Victoria, B. C., and all persons having any claims against the said estate are requested to send full particulars of their claims, duly verified, to the undersigned or to the said Americo Vincenzo Bossi, No. 185 Johnson Street, Victoria, B. C., before the 16th day of December, 1895.

Dated the 15th day of November, 1895.

FRANCIS B. GREGORY,
Board of Trade Building, Victoria, B. C.
Solicitor for Americo Vincenzo Bossi and Andrea Calvino Bossi, Executors of the Estate of the late Carlo Bossi, deceased.

nov16-1m

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between W. D. McKillican and A. S. Robertson, as ranchers at North Saanich, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the late firm must be paid to W. D. McKillican, who will also discharge the late firm's liabilities.

Dated at Victoria, this 16th day of November, 1895.

W. D. McKILLICAN
A. S. ROBERTSON

Witness: C. A. Gregg. nov16-1w

Home For Sale

A beautiful site for a suburban home on Victoria Arm 20 acres, mostly under cultivation Price, $4.000

BEAUMONT BOGGS,
28 Broad Street.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at their next sitting for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the "Jubilee Saloon," situate at 49 Johnson street, Victoria, to Alex. McTaggart, of Victoria.

J. H. GAERDES.

Dated the 5th of November, 1895.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of the license now held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the White Horse Hotel, corner of Humboldt and McClure streets, to Tom Hinchcliffe.

RODERICK CAMERON.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 14th, 1895.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the "Senate" Saloon, situate at No. 91 Government street, Victoria, to James Preston, of the City of Victoria.

FRED WELDON.

Dated Nov. 4th, 1895.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the "London Saloon," situate on the southeast corner of Johnson and Broad streets, Victoria, to Fritz Schneider, of the city of Victoria.

C. F. JACKSON.

Dated Nov. 4th, 1895.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a transfer to Robert Anderson, of the license now held by me for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Telegraph Hotel, situate at No. 47 Store street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, 25th October, 1895.

oc25 MRS. P. A. ASTRICO.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late Samuel Ricketts, are requested to send particulars thereof to Robert Porter or Thomas Shotbolt on or before November 1st, 1895, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to us forthwith.

ROBERT PORTER,
THOMAS SHOTBOLT,
Executors.

oct10-td

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the license now held by me for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate on 15 Yates street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, 29th October, 1895.

oc26 W. J. PHILLIPS.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of the license now held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the Clarence Hotel, situate on the corner of Yates and Douglas streets, to George Walker and R. McDonald.

GEORGE G. MELDRAM.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 7th, 1895. 1m

NOTICE.

Any person who shall have in his possession the deeds of the farm of the late Samuel Ricketts, or any knowledge of the whereabouts of the same, shall be rewarded upon application to R. PORTER or THOS. SHOTBOLT, Executors.

Victoria, Oct. 24th, 1895. nov7-3w

HUCHITT & McINTYRE ESTATE.

Notice to Creditors and Others.

Notice is hereby given that the trustees of the above Estate, acting under the trusts of the deed of assignment bearing date the 6th of October, 1893, for the benefit of the creditors of Amos J. Huchitt require all persons having claims or demands on he said Estate to forthwith send the amount and full particulars thereof to Matthew Trotter Johnson, Wharf street, Victoria, B. C. And notice is also given that at the expiration of one month from this date the Trustees will proceed to distribute the proceeds of the said Estate, having regard to the claims of which the Trustees then have notice.

THOMAS EARLE
M. T. JOHNSTON,
Trustees

Dated November 6th, 1895. 1m

Land Registry Act.

Lot 82, Section XI., Kennedy Town, Sooke District.

Whereas the Certificate of Title of Robert Williams to the above hereditaments, bearing date the 15th day of November, 1865, has been lost, and application has been made for a duplicate of same, notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, October 26th, 1895. 1m

Notice of Assignment.

The Estate of Frederick Landsberg.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Amendment Act, 1894," notice is hereby given that Frederick Landsberg, residing at 87 Herald street, in the city of Victoria, B. C., carrying on business at Government street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, Pawnbroker and Merchant, has by deed dated the 23rd day of October, 1895, granted and assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects which may be seized and sold under execution, and all his real estate (except leaseholds), unto Gustav Leiser, of Yates street, in the city of Victoria, B. C., and residing at 178 Yates street, in the said city of Victoria, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchant, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and proportionately and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Frederick Landsberg. The said deed was executed by the said parties thereto and the trusts thereby created were accepted and undertaken by the said Gustav Leiser on the 23rd day of October, 1895. Creditors of the said Frederick Landsberg are required to send forthwith full particulars of their claims, proved by statutory declaration, to the said trustee, and all persons indebted to the said Frederick Landsberg are required to pay the amounts of their indebtedness to the said trustee forthwith.

After the 24th day of December, 1895, the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice, and the said trustee will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not, at the time of such distribution, have had notice.

Dated the 23rd day of October, 1895.

WILLIAM DUCK,
Room 6, Duck Building, Broad street, Victoria. Solicitor for Gustav Leiser, Trustee.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Office, corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

Dr. J. Hall, Homœopathist,

Has removed his office to Norwood, Oak Bay Avenue, where he resides.
Hours the same as usual—2 to 5 p.m., and 7:00 to 9 in the evenings of Tuesdays and Fridays. Sundays and holidays excepted.
oct 31-1m

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 103 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone, 130.

TO LET.

TO RENT—Furnished rooms in private home. Five minutes' walk from postoffice. Rent from $5 up. Address M., Times office. n18-3t

TO LET—Gentleman's residence with coach house and outbuildings, together with two acres of orchard and garden situate at the southwest corner of Mount real and Simcoe streets, James Bay. Rental $25 per month. Apply to B. C. Land and Investment Agency. nov14-10t.

TO LET—Rooms in a most delightful part of the city, for lady and gentleman or single gentlemen. With or without board. Bathroom and every convenience in the house. Address "Junius," care Times Office. Oct. 31-1m.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A new calved Cow, address, C. Pannell, McPherson's Station. no15-5t

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On Saturday, between Government buildings and the corner of Douglas & Yates streets, a sum of money. Reward for its return to Times Office. nov19-2t

FOUND—An upper set of false teeth. Owner can obtain the same by calling at the Times office, proving property and paying for this advertisement. no18-tf

WANTS.

STAMPS—All kinds postage stamps bought. Send for prices. George Grundy, Bedford Road, Toronto. nov18-4t

AN EXPERIENCED MAN wants employment in city from now until May in return for board and lodging. Address Zeta, Times office no14-tf

WANTED—52 watches to repair, buy sell, or exchange. A cash transaction. Headquarters for a first class job of fine watch repairing. Seal teeth bought. Cash paid for old gold and silver. Chris. Moody, 52 Government street, Victoria. nov14-1m

WANTED AT ONCE—50 men, 25c. an hour, at Beaver Lake Water Works. Walkeley, King & Casey. oct26

MISCELLANEOUS.

A & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASSFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

SHOOTING MATCH for turkeys and geese at the Traveller's Exchange, Colwood, on Nov. 20th. Busses will leave the transfer stables between 12 and 2. Round trip 50 cents. L. O. Demers, Proprietor. no12-eod-td.

JEWELERS, ETC.

WALTHAM WATCHES, $7.

In solid silver cases, guaranteed for five years.

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c., New Main Spring, 75c.; Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

WM. CRIMM, - - Carriage Builder,

Begs to announce to his friends and patrons that he has given up his old stand on Johnson street, and removed to Herald street, just below Government street, where he will be glad to see anyone requiring his services. Thanking his patrons for past favors he begs for a continuance of the same, and trusts that others requiring good work at moderate prices will give him a trial. no4-1m

5000 Chrysanthemums

Your choice of 60 Varieties, the finest in cultivation. Tons of Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, etc. Prices Lowest in British Columbia.

McTAVISH'S NURSERY,
oct. 25-1m. 9 Park Road

Vancouver Island Building Society

The 83rd Drawing for an appropriation in the above Society will be held in the 86 William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Saturday the 23rd November, 1895, at 8 p.m. See that your shares are not in arrears.

By Order.
B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

Chase & Sanborn's

Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN,

BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

FUEL.

HARD COAL

PENNSYLVANIA ANTHRACITE.

The only genuine article in Victoria, specially recommended for steady heat and lasting power. Give it a trial and be convinced. There is nothing equal to it. Prices furnished on application.

SPRATT & MACAULAY.

Good Dry Cordwood $3.25,

Delivered—Cash.

HARMAN & DICKINSON,

Telephone No. 27 30 Broad Street.

CORDWOOD.

THE SAANICH WOOD YARD

Office: JOHNS BROS., 250 Douglas St.

No. 1 Cord Wood .. .. $3.00.
Cut and split and put in shed, $4.00
Bark, per cord $4.00

Telephone 433. oc26-1m

Best Anti-Combine Coal

FROM SEATTLE,

—AT—

$6 PER TON, DELIVERED.

CORDWOOD $3.25 PER CORD

For sale at

J. E. PAINTER'S,

25 Comorant Street.

Coal $6.00.

Reduction in the price of the old, reliable, genuine,

Wellington Coal - - - .

Until further notice we will sell best double screened Wellington Coal at $6 per ton, delivered in the city.

RATTRAY & HALL,

Sole Agents for R. Dunsmuir & Sons.

COAL

Our New Wellington Coal especially adapted for Furnace and Grate

$6 Per Ton!

Delivered in any quantity. Every attention given to prompt deliveries.

Spratt & Macaulay

SOLE AGENTS.

—For a pain in the chest a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of the pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, will afford prompt relief. This is especially valuable in cases where the pain is caused by a cold and there is a tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

CURRENCY QUESTION

The American Secretary Dwells on the Vice of Their Currency System.

He Strongly Advocates the Cancellation of the United States Greenbacks.

And Condemns the Free Coinage of Silver as Ruinous to the Country.

New York, Nov. 20.—Secretary Carlyle's speech at the chamber of commerce dinner last night is considered an authoritative expression of the present views of the administration on matters of finance. In the course of his remarks he said that every student of monetary science and every practical man of business knows that the fundamental vice in our currency system is the legal tender note, redeemable in coin by the government, and reissuable under the law. There are other defects, but this is fundamental and radical, and threatens the stability of the whole volume of our currency. So long as these notes are outstanding the slightest diminution of our coin reserve, authorized by law for their redemption, at once excites a feeling of apprehension and distrust in the public mind, affects the value of our securities, curtails investments and more or less seriously embarrasses all the business affairs of the people. All classes have suffered more or less from the effects of the fluctuations upon the markets for products upon wages and upon the value of all kinds of property; and consequently the condition of the treasury is a subject of constant attention and anxiety throughout the country. With an almost constant drain upon it, with frequent and sudden demands for very large sums for hoarding or for export, and with no certain means of replenishing it, except by the sale of bonds, it is absolutely impossible to keep the public constantly assured of financial stability and safety. In attempting to provide a circulating medium consisting of its own notes, redeemable in coin on presentation, reissuable after redemption, the government of the United States is engaging in a business for which it is wholly unfitted and which was never for a moment contemplated by its founders. If the treasury department is to be, and it ought to be, simply a public agency for the management of the financial affairs of the government, as a government, and not as a bank for the collection and disbursement of the public revenues, for public purposes, and for the supervision and control of such other executive matters as may be entrusted to it by law, no change that can be effected in our currency system will afford the relief to which the government and the people are entitled unless it provides for the retirement and cancellation of the legal tender United States notes. Anything less than this will be simply a palliative and not a cure for the financial ills to which the country is now subject.

Continuing, Secretary Carlyle said the circulation of legal tender United States and treasury notes has a tendency to drive out of use and out of the country the very coin in which the government is compelled to redeem them, and it has expelled millions of dollars from our borders, although the government and our people are compelled to redeem them, but as they will not discharge international obligations, gold must go out to settle all the financial balances against us.

No other government in the world is required to supply gold from its treasury to discharge the private obligations of its citizens, and no government ought to be required to do so. Widespread ruin, however, must follow up the abandonment of the reserve while the notes are outstanding, for all our currency would then be reduced to the silver standard. Referring to what he termed a widespread demoralization of public sentiment, due to false theories of finance, Secretary Carlyle said: "Theories that the government can create money by placing its stamp on papers or other materials is that a legislative enactment can make fifty cents equal in value to one hundred cents. That an artificially inflated process, paid in a depreciated currency, is better for the people than natural prices paid in a sound currency, and various other vagaries now floating like bubbles in the political atmosphere; are all directly attributable to the long-continued use of legal tender paper. The proposition that a promise of the government to pay money is money is just as absurd as a proposition that a promise to deliver a horse is a horse, and yet there are eminent men, high in the public councils, who believe that the United States promissory note is actual money, and that the statute which compels all the people to receive it as actual money is constitutional and ought to be continued in force. The agitation for free coinage for legal tender silver at a ratio which would put only fifty cents worth of bullion in a silver dollar is predicated upon the same vicious principle that underlies the legislation of making paper promises legal tender; but there is a practical difference between the two systems which ought not to be overlooked in the discussion. The United States note was a forced loan from the people to the government, which the government promised to pay in coin, but the free coinage of legal tender silver at the ratio of 10 to 1, or at any other ratio, not corresponding with the commercial value of the two metals, would be a forced loan from the people to the owners of silver mines and silver bullion, without promise of repayment by anybody. One loan was forced for the benefit of the government in time of war, but the proposition of the advocates of free coinage is to force another loan for the benefit of private individuals and corporations in time of peace. In principle the two measures are alike, for they are both founded upon the false theory that the government has the constitutional power and the moral right to create money out of any material it chooses, however worthless, and compel the people to receive it in payment of their labor and products, and in the discharge of antecedent debts contracted upon full considerations, and upon a different standard; but the free coinage of legal tender silver, as now proposed, would be far more unjust in its practical results than the issue of legal tender United States notes.

The secretary then declared that legislation retiring the legal tender notes at the earliest possible day is imperatively demanded by every substantial interest in the country, and he continued to remark that the pound sterling has made London not only the principal market, but the clearing house of the world. No matter what character of currency other nations may use, no matter what standard of value they adopt, all international balances are subjected at last to the test of the pound sterling, and all the international bills of exchange are naturally attracted to a common centre, because it is there, and there only, that a uniform and recognized measure of value will be applied to them. Great Britain not only realizes great profits but takes toll out of the international trade of other countries, for the simple reason that the balances are settled upon the basis of her standard of value, and the credits which represent them almost necessarily pass through the hands of her merchants and bankers. With an inferior currency we could never successfully contest her supremacy. Upon the belief that we can punish her or enrich ourselves by destroying the value of our money is built one of the most remarkable delusions of the age. We are great enough and strong enough to maintain our commercial and financial independence in opposition to any country in the world, but in order to do so we must be allowed to use as effective instrumentalities as are employed by our rivals. We must have as good money as they have and as good credit as they have. It cannot be possible that the interest of any of our people, no matter what may be their occupation, can be promoted by the use of cheap and inferior money, and I confidently believe that a large majority of the citizens of the United States will sustain every effort to improve the condition of our currency.

This is a government by parties, and investors in our securities and in our industrial and commercial enterprises watch with the greatest interest and solicitude every manifestation of popular opinion, especially at the periods when, under the constitution, changes are to be made in the executive office. It is of vast importance that these doubts and speculations should be set at rest in order that the world may certainly know what is to be our permanent monetary policy, and adjust its trade and direct its financial enterprises accordingly. Vague and indefinite declarations by the great political organizations of the country not only cause distrust abroad, but encourage harmful agitation at home, and I hold that therefore it is the duty of all who are or may become in any degree responsible for the welfare of the country to insist that there shall be no further equivocation or evasion in our treatment of his great subject. Let us have no more ambiguous phrases, no more inconsistent or irreconcilable clauses in party platforms or in public utterances, but let us make our meaning so clear and our purposes so plain that they can neither be misunderstood nor successfully misrepresented.

—Good advice: Never leave home on a journey without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

The Emperor of Japan, who has promised to visit England, is an individual who would appeal to the English heart. He is an all round sportsman, devoted to riding, shooting, tennis, fishing and billiards. He is also a patron of football.

—To make the hair grow a natural color, prevent baldness, and keep the scalp healthy, Hall's Hair Renewer was invented, and has proved itself successful.

There is no article in the line of medicine that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters.

One of the latest means of utilizing electricity is in the smelting of low grade ores, which would not be profitable under any other process. A syndicate of capitalists has been formed to operate on the St. Louis river, in Minnesota, and great results are anticipated. The ore to be worked is of a grade which does not warrant its transportation to smelting furnaces at a distance. The power of the St. Louis river will be used to generate the current.

For every 12 "Sunlight" Wrappers sent to the Canadian Head Office, 23 Scott street, Toronto, Lever Bros., Ltd., will send postpaid a useful paper-bound book, 100 pages.

C. R. KING, Victoria, agent for B. C.

BEST FOR WASH DAY USE SURPRISE SOAP BEST FOR EVERY DAY.

THE OUTLOOK IS UNCERTAIN.

Turkey's Political Situation Has a Depressing Effect on the Stock Exchange.

The Markets Also Still Suffering From the Last Mining Settlement.

Chicago, Nov. 20.—The following petition has been sent by the Armenian National Union to the premiers of the six great Powers of Europe, and the Secretary of State of the United States:

"The horrors and outrages of Sassoun have been repeated in different parts of Armenia, where tens of thousands of Armenians have met death at the hands of unrestricted mobs of fanatical Turks. Again, recent cable advices from Turkey are to the effect that the Turkish government is gathering its reserve forces to march over Zeitoun and exterminate the inhabitants. The execution of this intention on the part of the Turkish government will only repeat the appalling history of Sassoun. The adoption of reform measures proposed by the three Powers of Europe and sanctioned by the other great Powers has been followed by a still stronger outburst of Mohammedan fanaticism all over the Turkish empire. As a result of this unchecked and in most cases sanctioned or ordered uprising of Mohammedans against the defenceless Christian subjects of the empire, Turkey is to-day in a state of anarchy, while those in power and authority are helping and defending the lawless. This state of anarchy is also due to the Turkish and Mohammedan apathy toward the Armenians and their sacred rights, and to their hostility to the European nations that are desirous of substituting a better form of government for the present monarchy. This has been fully proved to be the fact, because whenever European governments have deemed it necessary to take drastic measures to stop bloodshed and restore order the officials of the Sultan have almost invariably succeeded in complying with this demand and in checking Mohammedan fanaticism. It is evident, therefore, that the Sultan and his officials are directly responsible for the present state of terrorism and anarchy. It lies, then, with the great powers of Europe to put an end to this unbearable condition of things in Turkey and to secure safety and protection of life to the defenceless Armenians now at the mercy of and under the heel of cruel soldiery, fanatical mobs and savage Kurds. We therefore, most humbly beg of your government to hasten, in the name of humanity, justice and Christian civilization, to unanimously and with unanimity with the other five great Powers of Europe decide the fate of the Armenian nation at an early special congress, such as that at Berlin, and to liberate the Armenians from their unbearable condition, which means torture, slaughter and utter extermination. In behalf of the Armenian National Union, we are your obedient and most humble servants.

"T. B. Khangian, President.
"G. M. Malivial, Secretary."

Washington, Nov. 20.—The report is prevalent to-day that Mr. Terrell, U. S. Minister to Constantinople, has forwarded his resignation to the President. Secretary Olney declined to say anything about the rumor. Some time ago Mr. Terrell asked for and obtained a leave of absence, but postponed taking it on account of the seriousness of the Armenian situation. He said that the report about his resignation had no other basis than confusion with reference to Mr. Terrell's intention to leave his post on leave. Mr. Terrell is giving great satisfaction to the state department and there is seemingly no reason why he should desire to resign, particularly when he would, by doing so, be deserting his post of duty in a grave emergency. The state department still preserves secrecy in regard to news received from Turkey so far as communicating it to the general public is concerned.

London, Nov. 19.—The stock markets were flat to-day, with virtually no recovery at the close. The depressing influences were the Arab rising in Arabia and further forced liquidations here and in Paris. A large speculative account here taken over from the last settlement was closed to-day. This especially affected Americans, large blocks of Louisville and other stocks being thrown out. Mines were flat on the liquidation and also on uniform report that the first crushing returns from one of the big mines are disappointing. The general financial outlook is uncertain. If it were not for the weakness elsewhere, Americans would not be viewed unfavorably. It is believed here that there will be a three per cent. bond issued by the United States government before long. Gold is beginning to move from Holland to London, sterling exchange at Amsterdam having risen 1⅛ per cent.

The bourse was flat in Paris. A large account was closed and there were many forced sales. In Berlin the market was dull to flat.

New York, Nov. 20.—A variety of influences seemed to depress the stock market to-day. In some instances the reiteration of old better arguments operated effectively. London was pleasantly active as a seller of most of the international stock, and foreign advices in relation to the political situation renewed uneasiness. Reading was not particularly affected by the publication of a semi-official synopsis of the features of the proposed organization plan as they now stand

The closing was quiet and steady, at improvements from the lowest points, extending to 1 per cent. in sugar, but at general net losses which were material in some cases.

DEAR SIR:—I have suffered from Eczema for two years; tried different kinds of medicine. I was at the hospital for some time, and was told there that all had been done for me that could be done. I ceased treatment at Christmas. After leaving the hospital I was under the care of a Hamilton physician, but got no relief. I have taken four bottles of Kootenay Cure, and I am now well and free from Eczema. Yours very truly,

WM. MARCHAM,
242 Barton St. East, Hamilton.

PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

KOOTENAY

CURES RHEUMATISM.

DEAR SIR:—After examining a very severe sufferer from Rheumatism, also a bad case of blood disorder and skin disease, I have no hesitation in recommending your medicine as an A1 article. Yours respectfully,

DR. ENGREY, Niagara Falls, Canada.

Parties wishing pamphlet containing hundreds of cures can obtain same by addressing

S. S. RYCKMAN MEDICINE CO., - HAMILTON, ONT.

—FOR— ATHLETES WHEN TRAINING | JOHNSTON'S | —FOR— INVALIDS AND CONVALESCENTS.

: FLUID : BEEF :

—FOR— SOLID COMFORT AS A BEVERAGE. | —IS— INDISPENSIBLE IN SICKNESS AND HEALTH. | —FOR— STRENGTH —TO— ALL.

R. P. RITHET & CO.,

LIMITED.,

Wharf Street Victoria, B. C.,

Wholesale Merchants, Shipping & Insurance Agents.

Proprietors Victoria Wharf, Outer Harbor,
Proprietors Columbia Flouring Mills, Enderby.

AGENTS FOR

Victoria Canning Co. of British Columbia, Fraser River, Skeena River and River's Inlet Canneries.
Skeena River Packing Co., Skeena River.
Lowe Inlet Packing Company, Lowe Inlet.
Giant Powder Co., Con. (Works, Cadboro Bay).
Pacific Coast Steamship Co., San Francisco.
Puget Sound Tug Boat Co., Port Townsend.
Queen Insurance Co., of America, (Fire).
Lancashire Insurance Co.
English and American Marine Insurance Companies.
Wells, Fargo & Company.

Lloyd's Agency Hawaiian Consulate.

New Tweeds, New Overcoatings,

... And a ...

Fine Line of FULL DRESS FABRICS

... just to hand ...

A. Gregg & Son,

Merchant Tailor. 62 Yates St.

A Little Thing

Out of the way in the make-up of a Suit of Clothes may spoil the appearance of the whole Suit. In making you a Suit we make sure to have everything just right about the Suit---and the Price.

J. W. CREIGHTON,

86 Government Street.

NOVEMBER.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.

The Daily Times.

GOVERNMENT CANDIDATES.

Mr. Willoughby, the government candidate in Cardwell, has finally announced himself as opposed to remedial legislation of any kind on the Manitoba school question. Inasmuch as the government is pledged to remedial legislation, it is a nice question how far Mr. Willoughby should be considered a government candidate. What a nice state of affairs, when a government cannot find a thorough-paced standard-bearer in a district like Cardwell, which used to be considered safely Conservative. We observe that Mr. McGillivray in North Ontario is a little more cautious than Mr. Willoughby, for he will neither approve nor disapprove of the government's policy. Mr. McGillivray would appear to be in danger of having turned against him the Conservative press batteries that have been pelting Mr. Laurier because of his alleged indefiniteness. The Mail and Empire, for instance, may be expected to tell the electors of North Ontario they should have nothing to do with a candidate who is afraid to say whether he is for or against remedial legislation. If the Colonist lived anywhere near the district that would surely be its advice to the electors. It is altogether likely, though, that the people of North Ontario will class Mr. McGillivray as a supporter of remedial legislation since he is so carefully silent on the question, and if they do come to that conclusion his chance of election will not be particularly bright.

BOUNDARY NONSENSE.

It is a little difficult to understand the motives of some American papers in publishing columns of the worst sort of nonsense in regard to the Alaska boundary. Perhaps they are in most cases imposed on by "fakirs," who are paid so much a line for the stuff they furnish. The Seattle Post-Intelligencer seems to have been the victim of a gentleman of that class when it published yesterday the following dispatch from Port Townsend, the grotesque character of which will at once be appreciated by any person who has the slightest knowledge of the subject:

"Port Townsend, Nov. 18.—If the British government insists upon the permanent establishment of the Alaska boundary line as mapped out by the Canadian civil engineers, the city of Juneau and Douglas Island, where the richest gold mines in Alaska are located, will become a part of the English territory. A reporter of the Associated Press to-day visited Victoria and was permitted to examine the new maps made by the surveyors for the boundary commissioners and the authority upon which the Canadians base their right to claim a strip of Alaskan territory. Dr. Dawson, chief engineer of the Canadian corps of surveyors, made scientific observations from a range of mountains which together with the treaty stipulations are the foundation upon which the claim is made. These drawings clearly show the mining town of Juneau to be fully seven miles inside of British territory. Not only that but Chilkat Pass, the favorite and most generally travelled route to the Yukon mines, and the principal bays and inlets of Southeastern Alaska, are claimed to be part of Canada. The location of the boundary is based upon apparently the clear wording of the treaty of February 28, 1895, between Russia and Great Britain.

"A certified copy of that instrument is in the hands of the British engineers, and clearly states that the boundary line shall be from peak to peak along the summit of the mountain range running parallel with the coast, providing the mountain range does not exceed ten marine leagues from the ocean, in which latter event, the boundary line shall be parallel with the winding of the coast, and which shall never exceed the distance of ten marine leagues therefrom. The sense of the last clause is taken by the Canadian engineers to mean ten marine leagues from the ocean coast, and not the straight line of the various sounds, bays or inlets. In Southeast Alaska, on the average, the ocean shore line is fully fifty miles from the mainland, adjacent bays and sounds, and the principal rivers and inlets will be wholly in British territory, while a few outlying islands is all the territory that Canadians will concede that the United States is entitled to. This will take from Alaska also a large portion of Berner's Bay, where rich gold mines are now being worked. It will also put into British territory two of the largest canneries situated in Southeast Alaska."

If the "reporter of the Associated Press" who visited Victoria would only make plain how he discovered "Dr. Damson, chief engineer of the Canadian corps of surveyors," he will very much enlighten the people of this city. They have been under the impression that Mr. King was the chief. It is also news to people on this side of the line to be told that they have an idea of seizing Juneau, Douglas Island and the Chilkat pass. The P.-I. seems "jolly green" to be imposed on by this Port Townsend writer of fiction.

By a typographical error yesterday C. C. Robinson was described as president of the Young Liberal Club of Toronto. Of course the Young Conservative club was meant, as the reactionary sentiments expressed by Mr. Robinson would plainly indicate.

THE INCREASE IN CRIME.

To the Editor: Of late public attention has been frequently called to the increase of crime so painfully apparent in Canada, and many reasons advanced to account for it, such as intemperance (which has decreased of late years), secular education, etc. The Ottawa Journal in a late issue facetiously advises an enquiry as to whether the National Policy is responsible for the infliction in Canada. A comparison of the criminal statistics of France, the United States, Canada and other countries where protection prevails as their fiscal policy with the criminal statistics of free trade England, indicates that protection or its absence has some connection with the increase and decrease of crime. In the first named countries a serious increase of crime followed the increase of protective duties, whilst in England a marked decrease of crime followed the abrogation of protection. The criminal statistics of France are very significant in this connection, as she had ten years of comparative free trade under the Cobden treaty, (signed in 1860, abrogated in 1870 or '71) and followed by periods of high protection. The following figures give the number of convictions in France for the years named, and they point to one cause at least why the noble efforts on virtue's behalf of "Knights of the Golden Rule," philanthropists and educationalists generally have been more than nullified in Canada since we adopted protection in 1879:

1850—736,000, or 21 for every 1000 population.
1860—594,000, or 24.2.
1870—549,000, or 14.4.
1880—995,000, or 26.5.
1885—1,111,000, or 29.4.

(Vide Mulhall's Dictionary of Statistics). According to these figures, ten years' comparative free trade was accompanied by a decrease in crime of over 40 per cent., and fifteen years after the re-imposition of high protection crime had increased over 100 per cent. It will be noticed also that the increase between 1880 and 1885 was nearly 100 per cent. more rapid than between 1850 and 1860; the protective duties were very much higher during the latter than the former period. A glance over the criminal statistics of the various protective countries reveals the curious fact that crime shows the most rapid increase in those highly protected. The only countries where crime is decreasing are England and Japan, and in these countries only since they abandoned protection. The well-known tendency of protection to force the accumulating wealth of the community into the hands of an ever decreasing precentage of the people, which necessarily involves an increasing percentage of poor, no matter how great the aggregate increase of wealth, accounts for the increase of crime under this system of taxation, for the poor and crime increase and decrease together in all countries and times. This effect of protection on the distribution of wealth is well illustrated by comparing the statistics of the United States under protection with those of England under free trade.

Thirty-five years ago 40 per cent. of the people of the United States owned 90 per cent. of the wealth; according to their last census 10 per cent. of the people owned 90 per cent. of the wealth. Since England abandoned protection she has increased her affluent class (those subject to income tax) eight times faster than population, decreased her poorest class 50 per cent. and decreased her criminal class 71 per cent. in spite of th fact that the crime of drunkenness is increasing. These figures prove that the accumulating wealth of England is being disseminated amongst an increasing percentage of the population in spite of the laws of entail and primogeniture still in force there, which tend to check such dissemination.

Although such laws are not in force in the United States a vast decrease in the affluent and consequent increase in the percentage of the poor class is apparent since they adopted protection in the sixties, though the aggregate increase of wealth was greater in England during this period owing to the new land brought under cultivation (all the land in England of value was cultivated long before she abandoned protection.)

These facts point to a securing anomaly, viz., that in England crime is decreasing and drunkenness increasing. The crime of drunkenness increased 50 per cent. between 1860 and 1889, while during the same period crime generally decreased 50 per cent. (Vide "Fifty Years' National Progress.") In Canada and the United States crime is increasing and drunkenness decreasing, but it must not be supposed that the increasing drunkenness is the cause of the decreasing crime in the one cause, or that th decreasing drunkenness is the cause of the increasing crime in the other; for it is true that the drinking habit is responsible for a good deal of crime, though Rabelais says "Wine is virtuous," and Shakespeare that "Wine is truthful," but it may with reason be assumed that the increasing affluence of the mass of the people of free trade England is at once the cause of the decrease in crime and increase in drunkenness, and that the increasing poverty of the mass of the people of the protectionist United States and Canada is the cause of the increasing crime and in a measure the decreasing drunkenness (for drinking is an expensive habit in its cheapest form), thus proving the saw "it is an ill wind that blows nobody any good," and in the case of England again proving "that no great good can be done without bringing some evil in its train."

H. WASHINGTON.

Dr. H. F. Merrill.

No Other Medicine
SO THOROUGH AS
AYER'S Sarsaparilla
Statement of a Well Known Doctor

"No other blood medicine that I have ever used, and I have tried them all, is so thorough in its action, and effects so many permanent cures as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Dr. H. F. MERRILL, Augusta, Me.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla
Admitted at the World's Fair.
Ayer's Pills for liver and bowels.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Sehome from the Sound—E Morse, E Moses, F H Lee, A Heffer, T Kelly, S L Watts, C W Shang, T Hinley, C A Muirhead, C P Muirhead, J H Falconer, H Leinke, C W Butler, A J Bailey, and wife, Geo Fielding, E S Smith, S Green, F W Parker, M F Spencer.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—S H Ostander, E J Fader, Judge Griffith J Bedley, Wm McArthur, E Vanhorne.

Per str. City of Kingston from the Sound. Miss Lillian Lewis, Harry Minic, Fred Bradley, Sadie Mehan, Clara Hilton, J G Fulton, J Hayward, Mis Donovan, Joe Marks, Griffith Evans, Fred Maulay, Julia Lovelace., E Heines, A A Ramsay, E W Wright, Edmund Collier, Prof. M Gross, Mrs Dono Dean, Mrs N Hill, J McIntosh, W Hipworth, Miss A Thorndyke, Geo Wessels, Eugene Godridge, Joseph L Gortie, M N Lovelace, Mrs T Monk, Mrs H Worlford, Mrs Capt Kleige.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—J Callmeyer, J L Beckwith, C T S Bellbrough, G E Bellbrough, Mrs F Wotham, Miss Christopher, J M McDonald., M M English, Capt Gaudin, Miss Dawson, Rev Mr Clinton, G F Burpee, J P Evans, A J Mortin, J C Dixon, H C Mason, Miss English, W D English, Miss F English, L Rosenthall, S Rosenthall, John Mullen, C Papar., Jos Ellison, D J Jones., M Allcock, W Sullivan, J E English, H F Clinton, W A Anderson, A E McNaughton, C A Steele, Capt Soule, Miss McDonald, Wm Wilson, H Blanchfield, J Stapleton, A W Edward, Mrs Edward P Dorsey, E Palmer.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str. City of Kingston from the Sound. Lenz & Leiser, D H Ross & Co, A B Erskine, Turner B & Co, Jas Mitchell, W King, Rosendard & Kents., P McQuade & Son, Weller Bros, Osmund Skrine & Co, R Layrits, Canada Paint Co.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—R Dunsmuir, Can Paint Co, H B Co, J Piercy, J Mitchell, S Leiser, E S Hooper, E Wall & Co, J H Todd, Fell & Co, J Sommers, T Kirkpatrick, Vic Elec Co, Depy Adgt Gen, Thomas B & Co, Weller Bros, Lenz & Leiser, L C Raymor, Vic Steam Laundry, B & K M Co, Clarke & Pearson, E G Prior & Co, T R Stewart, Gim Fook Yuen, H W Walker, J H Todd, J H Brown, Langley & Co, L Rosenthal, Ramsay Bros, R P Rithet,, Walsh Bros, Shawnigan Lumber Co, Dom Exp. Co.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—H C Beeton & Co, Weller Bros, Speed Bros, Eckersley & Co, Hall Ross & Co, J A Ritchie, E J Saunders, Hartmann & Co, C W Rogers, Wilson Bros, Osmund Skrine & Co,

$30,000 $30,000

$30,000 worth of Goods must POSITIVELY be disposed of before Christmas, and in order to do so we have cut prices down to less than one-half.

Why attend auction sales of second hand goods when you can buy new goods for less money?

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE FURNITURE CO., LTD.
W. E. McCORMACK, Manager.

$30,000 $30,000

The "BEST" Tonic!
A Concentrated Liquid Extract of Malt and Hops, manufactured by the Pabst Brewing Co., Milwaukee, U. S. A.
It Braces! It is Not Intoxicating!
Put up in Barrels—eight dozen and in Cases—two dozen Pints.
PITHER & LEISER, VICTORIA, B. C.

CLOSED
For 3 Days
In order to mark down our entire Stock of
Tailoring,
Gents' Furnishings,
Hats and Shirts (to order).
Re-open Saturday, Nov. 23.
With prices that will make your head light.
GEO. R. JACKSON,
57 Government Street.

Pleased Customers
Make the best advertisements. They tell THEIR friends THEIR friends buy THEIR Boots, Shoes and Rubbers from
MANSELL'S,
95 Government Street

Fix Yourself
For Christmas. You'll want a Suit sure, and perhaps an Overcoat, Let us supply your wants. We can do it and will guarantee satisfaction.
KINNAIRD, THE CASH TAILOR, 46 JOHNSON STREET.

We have the finest line of

Waterproof Boots
For fall and winter wear ever imported to the Province.
GOLF BOOTS, in best makes. We keep the best footgear in the City.
J. H. BAKER, 63 Government Street.

"LOOK IT UP."
SUBURBAN PROPERTIES
To Let / To Lease
House at Mount Tolmie, standing in two acres of cultivated ground, containing 8 rooms and outbuildings, including warm chicken houses to hold 200, stabling for 3 horses, and 12 cows if necessary.
Plow land and pasturage adjoining up to 50 acres can be leased on reasonable terms.
From December the 1st, another house at Mount Tolmie, containing 4 rooms; 3 acres of good land, all fenced. Adjoining pasturage if necessary.
Also small 2-roomed house and 7 1-2 acres of land from Dec. 1st next. Good chicken house and splendid run.
J. H. BROWNLEE,
Financial Agent
Rooms 38 & 39, Board of Trade Building, Victoria.
P. S.—Arable acreage at prices to defy competition. CALL FOR MAP.

Don't Sit Shivering
At home when by the expenditure of a small sum of money you can obtain one of our
Fine Cast Heaters
We have a Large Range in all Shapes, Models and Prices.
PERRY & TURNER,
42 Johnson Street.

Open All Night

For the accommodation of our customers, our store will remain open all night.

C. H. BOWES,

Prescription and Family Chemist, 100 Government St., near Postoffice.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Coal hods at Cheapside. *

—Insist upon your grocer giving you Okell & Morris' Jams. *

—George R. Jackson's store will re-open on Saturday, November 23. *

—Our Pennsylvania authracite is unrivalled. Spratt & Macaulay, sole agents. *

—The annual fall sale is now in full swing at the Manchester House, Yates street. *

—A meeting of the Ministerial Association is to be held on the first Monday in December to receive the report of the Sunday observance committee.

—Dr. Mary McNeill last evening addressed the members of the Young Women's Christian Association on physiology and hygiene. The lecture proved both instructive and interesting.

—The Lillian Lewis Clopatra Company, which plays here to-night and to-morrow night, with a matinee to-morrow, arrived from Spokane yesterday. They commence their coast tour here.

—This evening a special train will leave the Victoria & Sidney railway station at 7:30 to allow Victorians to attend the exhibition of Mrs. Jarley's waxworks at South Saanich Temperance Hall.

—The little daughter, Claudia, of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hall, of Fembroke street, had the misfortune to break one of her arms a few days since while playing. Dr. Milne set the tiny bones, and now the little tot is getting along nicely.

—A large audience greeted the Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Society in Semple's Hall last evening. The play was "Ten Nights in a Bar-room," and the principals took their parts very creditably. The performance will be repeated this evening.

—A movement is on foot to organize a labor association, or club, in the city for the winter months. The object of the promoters is to bring laboring men more in touch with each other by holding meetings where they can discuss matters of interest relating to labor.

—Rev. Canon Beanlands delivered his lecture on the "Anatomy of Humor" in Christ church school room last evening. The lecture was much enjoyed by those present, as was also the musical portion of the programme in which Miss H. Tyrwhitt Drake, Mrs. Archer Martin and Mr. Hamilton Abbott took part.

—The Harry Calder, who is inquired for by his brother, William Calder, of 52 Esther street, Toronto, is not lost by any means. He is one of the trusted employes of the E. & N. railway, and is at present at Nanaimo. Mr. Fred Brown, station agent, has written to both brothers, and they will soon be in communication with each other.

—The Sound has more than one rate war. Just now there are lively times between the swarm of boats carrying visitors to the U. S. S. Philadelphia at Seattle. There has been a series of fearful cuts till now the rate is down to 10 cents for steamers and 5 cents for row boats for the round trip to the big vessel

—The little two year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Adams, of 119 Pembroke street, while playing on Sunday afternoon upset a kettle of boiling water, severely scalding herself. The shock proved too much for the little one and she succumbed yesterday afternoon. The funeral will take place at 2 p.m. to-morrow. It is only a short time since Mr. Adams' father met his death in the ill-fated Velos.

—W. D. Field, one of the best known and most promising young business men in Seattle, has gone insane and has been committed to the state insane asylum. According to the physicians who examined him, the supposed cause of insanity is "prolonged excitement over pastoral change and trouble in the church." Mr. Field was prominent in the First Presbyterian church of Seattle. He figured in the church trouble, devoted much time to it, worried over it, and his insanity is believed to be the result.

—Mr. H. F. Clinton, a well-known barrister of New Westminster, and Miss Laura English, daughter of M. M. English, the Fraser river canner, were married at the Driard last evening by the Rv. Father Nicolaye. Miss Francis English was bridesmaid and H. Doyle, of San Francisco, acted as best man. Among those present at the ceremony were the English family, Rev. Mr. Clinton, Mrs. W. D. English, wife of port surveyor of San Francisco, and Miss Hattie English, daughter of Congressman English of California. The honeymoon will be spent on the Sound.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—The Times will be issued to-morrow as usual.

—George R. Jackson is preparing for a great wonder sale. *

—The Egyptian Book of the Dead at Johnston's, Douglas street. *

—The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will not be held this week, to-morrow being a holiday.

—Seghers Council, Y. M. I., will to-morrow evening hold a social dance in A. O. U. W. hall.

—Messrs. Haughton & Co., Manchester House, announce some startling reductions in prices. *

—Spratt & Macaulay have in stock the only genuine Pennsylvania hard coal in Victoria. Give it a trial. *

—The collier Peter Jebson passed down from Nanaimo last night on her way to San Francisco with coal.

—Mothers. Do you know that we carry a first class line of boots and shoes for family trade. Gilmore & McCandless. *

—Edward Marston, a hack driver, was this morning fined $10 for leaving his horses unattended on the street.

—The peculiar feature of the "Royal" Cigarette (Turkish) is its delicate aromatic fragrance. 15 cents per package.

Messrs. Bodwell & Irving were moving to-day from Bastion street to the offices lately occupied by R. Dunsmuir & Sons over E. M. Johnson's.

—The steamer Maude will leave for the west coast to-morrow morning at 7 o'clock. She returned from Nanaimo last evening with a load of coal for the C. P. N. Co.

—The bark Ardmore has finished unloading supplies for the naval yard at Esquimalt. She was towed to the inner harbor this afternoon to unload freight consigned to Victoria merchants.

—Mr. Emil Thielborn will this evening make his bow to a Victoria audience at the Victoria Conservatory of Music, where he will give a violin solo. A number of invitations have been issued.

—There will be a Thanksgiving service at Centennial Methodist church to-morrow morning at 10.30. Rev. J. P. Betts will conduct the service, in connection with which there will be a special musical programme.

—The Topeka is due at the outer wharf from Alaska. After landing passengers and freight for Victoria she will proceed to the Sound, where she is to be docked for repairs. The Al-Ki will probably take her place for the next northern trip.

—Captain Gaudin, agent of marine, who went up on the Quadra with the viceregal party, returned by the Charmer last evening. The Quadra is at present engaged in repairing buoys in the gulf. She will go into the dry dock at Esquimalt in a few days.

—Mr. E. Pferdner, G. K. of R. and S. of the K. of P., returned yesterday from a trip up the line of the E. & N. railway, where with Grand Chancellor Ackerman he visited the lodges in Nanaimo and Cowichan districts. He reports that all the lodges are in good condition and are prospering. The Grand Chancellor has gone to Comox.

—Her friends—and amongst them she numbers every music-loving citizen of Victoria and hundreds outside of it—have decided to give Mrs. Clement Rowlands a benefit concert, the event to take place on Tuesday evening, December 3, in the Metropolitan Methodist church building. Mrs. Rowlands has been in Victoria now some four years, during which time she has never been known to refuse the services of her exquisite voice and fine talent to any deserving venture. It is in appreciation not only of her well known talents, but of her uniform willingness to assist any charitable movement that her friends have decided to tender her this compliment. The programme will be contributed to by the leading musicians of Victoria.

—The seventeen car loads of canned vegetables shipped from Toronto on the 8th inst. have arrived at Vancouver, and part of the shipment will be here to-night, the rest coming to-morrow. The goods came over the C. P. R. by rail and lakes, and, allowing until to-morrow for all the goods to be here, made the trip in thirteen days. All the goods are for Victoria merchants. The train was handsomely decorated by the shippers of the goods and attracted much attention in the places through which it passed.

—The old, old story of a row resulting from a mother-in-law living with her daughter was this morning repeated in the city police court. Joseph Hilliard was charged with assaulting Mrs. Vermouth, his mother-in-law. Hilliard, his wife and mother-in-law live in the same house. In the house there is a range, which it was decided to sell a few days ago. Mrs. Vermouth would not hear of it, claiming that she had loaned her daughter $50 with which to buy the range, and she would not allow it to be sold. They were discussing the question over the dinner table last evening, and things began to get lively. Hilliard, as his mother-in-law says, threw his plate across the table at her, and followed this up by throwing his cup and saucer. The case was remanded.

Warning to Our Friends.

Our Spanish Blossom cigars are imitated by parties who are trying to sell certain goods by adopting our label, the Spanish Blossom. See that the Pacific Coast label is on every box before you buy. By doing this you receive the best cigar manufactured. Kurtz & Co. *

—The demand for Ayer's Hair Vigor in such widely-separated regions as South America, Spain, Australia, and India has kept pace with the home consumption, which goes to show that these people know a good thing when they try it.

—New line of pocket cutlery just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. Shaving outfits a specialty, guaranteed. *

—You will learn the joy of smoking only when you have whiffed the "Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish), Egyptian blend. 15 cents per package.

Souvenirs of Victoria!

A Pretty and Appropriate Christmas Present to send to Friends.

C. E. REDFERN, ::: JEWELER, :::
43 GOVERNMENT STREET.
ESTABLISHED 1863.

ASSIZE CASES.

Goodrich Found Guilty of Personation and Forgery.

In Regina v. Amanzia yesterday afternoon Constable Campbell, William Robinson and John Day, for the prosecution, all swore that the prisoner assaulted Constable Campbell. For the defence three witnesses, Lenox, Logan and Lafferty, swore they saw the whole affair, and no blow was struck on either side. Some amusement was caused when Mr. Al. Lafferty said he saw Mr. Robinson come down with a club and say he would like to smash Amanzia. Mr. Robinson arose and looked at Lafferty and said he never saw him before and did not believe he was ever in Esquimalt. The jury came in at eight o'clock after an absence of three hours with a verdict of not guilty. Mr. Irving, at the close of the trial, referring to the grand jury's suggestion that the case might have been disposed of before the magistrate, said that the prisoner had refused to be dealt with summarily.

This morning the court first took up the charges against Frank R. Goodrich, charged with forgery, personation and obtaining money under false pretences. After the jury was sworn the prisoner asked Mr. W. H. Langley to defend him. Mr. Irving, in opening, stated the crown's contention to be that an Ontario commercial traveller named Remus Goodrich had a collection to make in Washington, and employed an attorney named C. H. Dye, of Oregon City, who collected the money and bought a draft on Victoria payable to himself. He then endorsed the draft payable to "R. Goodrich," and sent it in a letter to Victoria, which letter must have been received by the prisoner, as the draft was afterwards cashed by him at the Bank of Montreal here. E. Pitt, accountant of the Bank of Montreal, identified the draft, which was paid on the 20th of March last. The amount was $18.75. R. F. Tolmie testified that he went into the bank and identified the prisoner as Mr. Goodrich. Sergeant Langley swore that prisoner told him he got the draft in a letter, and said he expected he would get four years for it. The sergeant was not at all consoling, and told him at the time he might get more. No witnesses were called for the defence. The jury returned a verdict of guilty of personation and forgery.

Regina v. Dolphing was next heard, the prisoner being charged with housebreaking. Mr. Langley appeared for the prisoner. Mrs. Roseneratz, of 48 Chatham street, was awakened about 5 o'clock on the morning of the 12th instant, and saw a man in her room going through a chest of drawers. She called out and asked him what he was doing there. The man, whom she identified as the prisoner, ran downstairs; she got up and went down and saw the prisoner and another man on the sidewalk near the house. Prisoner gave evidence on his own behalf, and said on the morning in question he was in bed on Pandora street, in a room occupied by a man named Corbett. He went to bed at 12 and did not get up until 10 next morning. On cross-examination he said he had been in Victoria fourteen months, six of which he had spent in jail, because he had stolen a few shirts in the daytime. Corbett was now in jail for vagrancy.

CHEAP TRAVELLING.

Pacific Coast and Northwestern Steamship Companies Cut Rates.

The Pacific Coast Steamship company have entered the passenger rate war between northern ports and San Francisco, and the steamer Rosalie has met the cut made by the owners of the Sehome. Messrs. R. P. Rithet & Co. yesterday received instructions to sell first class tickets by the steamer Umatilla, sailing on the 24th, for $8, and second class tickets for $5. This is the cheapest rate that has been quoted for many years. The cheap rate is made for the purpose of meeting the cut made by the Southern Pacific railway and the O. R. & N. steamship company between Portland and San Francisco. The fight gives promise of lasting for some time.

Capt. D. B. Jackson, of the Northern Steamship company, said the cut made by his company will be permanent, whether there is opposition or not, and that hereafter passengers can travel between Victoria and Port Townsend for 50 cents and between Victoria and Seattle for $1.

Good News for All Smokers.

The Spanish Blossom cigars will be on the market with our own registered labels by December 1st of this year. To stop all imitations of our goods forever after we have the new label patented. Look out for them. Kurtz & Co. *

—Easterners wishing the old time Pennsylvania anthracite would be wise in placing their orders with Spratt & Macaulay, sole agents. *

—Coal hods, coal scuttles, fireside sets, fenders, etc., at Weiler Bros. *

—"Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish) are a substitute for cachous. 15 cents per package.

—Some very pretty and inexpensive hall lamps in wrought iron; and in brass, at Weiler Bros. *

—Rev. S. Cleaver will lecture at the Y. M. C. A. to-night at 8 o'clock on "The Downfall of the Incas."

—Two ducks were a short time ago stolen from Peter Hansen. This afternoon W. McDonald was arrested and charged with stealing one of them and the police are looking for the man who stole the other.

—While the bark General Fairchild was off Cape Flattery, on her way from Unalaska to Nanaimo, a sailor named Peter Johnston was killed by falling from the maintopgallant to the deck. The sea was exceedingly rough at the time.

—Since the first of the month 150 householders have registered with City Assessor Northcott, which entitles them to vote at the approaching municipal election. After the 30th instant no names can be added to the list. Householders should remember that they have to register every year. Lodgers who can declare that they have paid $60 for room rent during the past year can qualify as householders.

—The council of the ministers of the Congregational church met this afternoon to examine the constitution of the church recently established in this city. At 7.30 this evening, the new church will be formally recognized. After the recognition services there will be a supper and concert. Rev. Dr. Temple will preach the sermon, Rev. Dr. Lee will deliver an address and Rev. Mr. Mason, of Vancouver, will offer the right hand of fellowship. Mr. J. G. Brown and other local vocalists will take part.

—Henry Welsh, an old offender, is in the lock-up again charged with supplying liquor to Indians. When the police arrived on the scene where Welsh usually carries on operations, they found him surrounded by an admiring group of Siwashes, two of whom were taking copious draughts from bottles of whiskey. As soon as the Indians saw the police they handed the bottles back to Welsh and he foolishly put them under his coat, thereby satisfying the police that the bottles belonged to him.

—"Frenchy" Lucky, who keeps a store at Ucuiet, reported to the police yesterday that he had been robbed of a pocketbook containing upwards of $100. He was around drinking with a friend on Monday evening. His friend left him and he continued the carousal, during which he says somebody either took the pocketbook out of his pocket or he gave it to the bartender to keep for him. When he awoke next morning he could not find the saloon, and if he did give the money to the bartender he (the bartender) has made no effort to return it. Lucky says he was drugged.

ROYAL Baking Powder
has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

WE have just received 2 cases of genuine
Imported Woolens and Worsteds
especially selected for the Holiday trade. These Goods are the finest ever imported to the Province, and should be inspected by all gentlemen contemplating the purchase of garments for Fall and Winter wear.
CAMPBELL & CO.,
Merchant Tailors,
Cor. Broad St., and Trounce Ave., Opposite Driard.

Scarlet Fever
Can be prevented by using Clean, New Kitchen Utensils, when you can buy them at the following prices:

Galvanized Coal Hods 25c each.
No. 8 and 9 Steamers 35c each.
5 and 6 inch Elbows 20c each.
Three-hoop Wooden Pails 25c each.
Stove Brushes, 25c each.
Heavy Brooms, 20c each.
Bannister Brushes 25c each.
Large Square Bird Cages $1.25 each.
No. 8 and 9 Copper Bottom Tea Kettles 75c each.
Dust Pans 15c each.
"Wash-up" Pans 20c each.
All small Kitchen Articles formerly sold at 25c, now at 15c each.
R. KENNY & CO., 74 Yates St., Near Cor Broad

Overcoat Or Doctor?

Nippy mornings, chilly nights. Overcoat'll come in handy. Buzz-saw cut, slop dash sewing doesn't pass muster here.

OVERCOATS!

In most any style, single and double breasted; most any color, brown, blue, tan; most any material, Melton, worsted, beaver, tweed; most any price.

$5.00 to $16.00.

If you think it isn't overcoat time get a doctor quick. Money back if you say so.

CAMERON, THE CASH CLOTHIER, 55 JOHNSON STREET.

You Want the Best
When you buy Jams, Jellies or Canned Goods.
Ask for the Best
Ask for the Goods manufactured by the
Okell & Morris Fruit Preserving Co., Ltd.
Pure! Choice! Delicious!

Boys' Reefers at $1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50 & 4.00.
Boys' Overcoats from $1.50 up with cape.
Boys' Mackintoshes.
Boys' Stockings, 25c, heavy and strong.
Boys' Flannelette Shirts, 25c, 40c up.
Boys' Underwear, 50c, 65c, 90c.
Boys' Clothing, 2-piece, sizes from 22 to 32.
Boys's 3-piece Knicker Suits from 28 to 32 in Single and Double Breasted.
Youths' Suits from $5.00 up. A big assortment.
Men's Cardigan Jackets in Small Men's, Men's, O.S. Men's, Ex.O. S. Men's and Ex. Ex. O. S. Men's. Prices $1.50 to 5$

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
35 and 37 Johnson Street.

Fall Sale
TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK

We have concluded that the right time to sell goods is when people need them, and anyone can sell if they sell cheap enough, which we are are going to do.

There was very little rain in August, less in September, and next to none in October—been saving it all up for dripping November. We are over-stocked with Rain Coats expecting to have sold as usual a large quantity in October, but did not, so we have decided to sell them now at prices that will confound all other prices that Rain Coats have ever been sold for.

Our Jacket season has been a success; we have only 61 left, so we will sell them AT COST, which we can do, having made our profit early in the season, being determined that not one shall be left over for next season.

We have a few FUR CAPES left (Greenland and other furs) and notwithstanding the great advance in price of fur, we shall reduce them likewise. We have also decided to reduce our whole stock, especially in Dress Goods, Jackets, Macintoshes and Furs.

AN HONEST MERCHANT dislikes to sell goods without a profit and as a rule he does not do it, but there are times when it seems possible to sell without a profit, and this is one of them. We have an object in view; we want to see new faces, and we want to show the difference between CHEAP GOODS and cheap and good serviceable goods at Cheap Prices.

Dress Goods Department

Double width All Wool Cashmere Serge 20 cents per yard.
Just arrived, a line of Habit Twills Double width, extra heavy, will be sold at 20 cents per yard.
Tweed Mixtures, usual selling price, 40c, reduced to 30c. A line of Tweeds will be sold at 25c.
All Wool Tweeds, (plaids) usual price, 90c, reduced to 65c. Heavy All Wool Tweeds, usual price 90c, reduced to 70c. Heavy Tweeds, 54 in. wide, worth $1, reduced to 75c. Heavy all-wool Serges, black and navy, usual price, 65c, reduced to 50c. All Wool Henriettas, black, worth 50c. reduced to 35 c.
A few Greenland Seal Capes, $25, reduced to $20. Fur Capes, $12, reduced to $9.50. All our Furs reduced in proportion.
A big lot of Remnants of all kinds of Goods very cheap.

Jackets! Mantles! Macintoshes!

JACKETS.

Regular price $4.50, now $3.50		Regular price $ 9.50, now $7.50	
Regular price 5.25, now 4.00		Regular price 10.00, now 7.75	
Regular price 6.00, now 4.50		Regular price 11.00, now 8.25	
Regular price 7.00, now 5.25		Regular price 12.00, now 9.50	

A line of Ladies' Macintoshes, last season's styles, selling at $2 and and $3, reduced to $1 to clear.

LADIES' MACINTOSHES—LATEST STYLES.

Regular price $4.50, now $3.50		Regular price $ 8.50, now $6.55	
Regular price 5.00, now 3.95		Regular price 8.75, now 6.75	
Regular price 6.00, now 4.65		Regular price 11.50, now 9.50	

A BIG LINE OF CHILDREN'S MACINTOSHES VERY CHEAP.

Gloves and Hosiery.

The Favorite, 5 hook lacing kid glove, 70 c per pair.
The Floribell, 7 hook lacing kid glove, 90 c. per pair.
The Dorothy, large button kid glove, 90 c. per pair.
The Monaca, 7 hook lacing kid glove, $1.15 per pair.
Odd lines large size kid gloves, 35 c. per pair.
Boys' Heavy Ribbed Hosiery, all sizes, 25c. per pair. Girls' Cashmere Ribbed Hose, double knees from 10c per pair. Ladies' Cashmere Hosiery, extra value, 30c. per pair. Ladies' Cashmere Hosiery, usual price 50c., now 40c.
BERLIN WOOLS.—4 and 8 fold Berlin, all shades except green and shaded, at 5 cents per oz.

Corset and Underwear Department

Corsets 45c. and 65c. and upwards. Ladies' Puritan Vests, usual price 20c, reduced to 12 1-2c; 30c, reduced to 25c; 40c, reduced to 30c. All other lines reduced. 20 dozen Ladies' Flannelette Night Dresses, Ladies' Flannelette Night Dress, frilled front, 50c each, ditto, turn down collar, frilled front, 65c, and 70c each. ditto, turn down collar, with yoke, $1.00 each. Ladies' Knitted Wool Skirts, $1.00, $1.25, $1.45. Ladies' Flannette Wrappers, pleated back, large sleeves, reduced to $1.55. Flannelette Wrapper with Watteau pleat, reduced to $1.95. Ladies' all wool Flannel Wrappers, $2.55.

Table Linens.

Unbleached Table Linen, 20c, 25c, 30c per yard. Ditto, red border, 25c and 35c. White Damask TableLinen, 40c, 50c, and 60c. Red Turkey Doilies, 40c per dozen. White fringed, 50c per dozen.

Sale Commences Tuesday Morning, 19th. This is Positively a Cash Sale. No Credit Will be Given.

T. HAUGHTON & Co.,
Manchester House, — — 88 Yates St.

HUTCHISON ENQUIRY

The Superintendent of the City Electric Light Department States His Case.

He Spends Some Time on the Witness Stand and is Cross-Examined.

Mr. Belyea Asks Ald. Bragg Not to Vote on the Question—Meet To Night.

Ald. Humphreys occupied the chair and all the other aldermen were present at last night's meeting of the council to inves'igate the charges preferred against Superintendent Hutchison of the electric light station. The hall was well filled with spectators, who applauded many times during the evening anything said in Mr. Hutchison's favor.

Ald. Bragg wished to ask the dynamo tender and engineer at the electric light station some more questions. He called John Roberts and read from a paper the following question: In case a coil should burn out what would you do? Mr. Roberts was about to answer when Mr. Belyea objected and stated that only such evidence as is permissable in a court of law should be permitted in the investigation. If the prosecution were going to bring evidence of that kind the investigation would last for two weeks, as the defence would have to secure expert evidence to refute it. He had sufficient experience to know that such a question was cut and dried and, he had no hesitation in saying, it would bring a cut and dried answer.

Ald. Bragg was of the opinion that Mr. Belyea was the first to ask questions foreign to the investigation. He had been working too hard to-day to look up any questions. He thought the whole investigation was a farce. (Laughter.)

Mr. Belyea (sotto voce)—So do we all.

Mr. Belyea then asked Roberts to repeat the question asked by Ald. Bragg, which he did word for word and gave as his answer that he was not an electrician, but if a coil burnt out he would stop the machinery and repair the damage.

Ald. Bragg—Is there a spare armature at the station. Ans.—Yes.

Ald. Bragg—Was it there when the Devonshire road circuit burnt out? Ans.—Yes.

Ald. Bragg—How long would it take to put it in if in order? Ans.—About 20 minutes. It was kept in the store room lying on the damp floor.

Ald. Bragg—Was that a proper place for it? Ans.—No, the floor was too damp.

Ald. Bragg—Did the superintendent neglect his duty in keeping it there? Ans.—I cannot answer that.

Mr. Belyea—Did you ever see those questions before, Mr. Roberts? Ans.—I did not.

Mr. Belyea—Who asked you to come here? Ans.—Ald. Bragg.

Ald. Macmillan—Will you explain, Mr. Roberts, how you answered a question before it was asked? Ans.—I do not think I did that.

Ald. Partridge—I heard you answer that the floor was damp where the armature was kept before Ald. Bragg asked if that was a proper place for it.

Engineer Carson, who was questioned by Ald. Bragg, stated that he did not leave the Langley street station unceremoniously, but resigned. He repeated his evidence regarding his suspension by the superintendent for flooding the boiler rooms, and explained that he was reinstated because the engineer in charge for the Hamilton Manufacturing company took all the blame.

To Mr. Belyea he stated that he saw Ald. Bragg on Sunday but did not see those questions before.

The lawyers and several of the aldermen here got into a lengthy argument about copies of the engineer's reports, several of which were in evidence, but no two were alike.

This closed the case for the prosecution and all the reports of the police and others were handed in as evidence.

Mr. Belyea put Mr. Hutchison on the stand and he was greeted with loud applause from the audience. He had 14 years' experience in electric light matters, seven of which were spent in the city. Was employed as superintendent at the Victoria Electric Light station, Langley street. Was appointed superintendent for the city May 22nd, just before the completion of the electric light station. Was present when tests were made on June 28th and July 26th. The city took over the plant after the second test. His duties as superintendent are to direct all work, to see that men do their work and be at their respective posts when required, and to see that the department is run as economically as is consistent with good service. He heard about charges about two weeks ago. Saw first about them in the newspapers. Had received no communication from the committee, whom he met every Friday evening. He made a habit of going to the station at least once a day, sometimes five or six times. He could not recollect any day he missed going there except three days he was sick. He always examined the machinery, dynamos, etc., and gave a general inspection of the plant to see if anything required attendance before the next run. He had charge of the fire alarm system, with no extra salary but lots of work. It is a complicated system and requires continual attention. He gave it at least one day and a half out of the week. He went around the circuit to make himself familiar with it, so that he might at once make any necessary repairs required. He remembered that box 25 would not work when His Excellency was present to see the firemen turn out. He had been at the box a week previously and put it in proper shape. He had reliable information that a party was seen there interfering—(objected to by Mr. Mason as hearsay evidence).

To Mr. Belyea Mr. Hutchison stated that only he and Chief Deasy had keys of the alarm boxes. He did not see the Chief there, and he only heard that someone else was there. Everyone else but the committee seemed to be able to find him on the circuit. He was often out over the line making alterations and extending the circuits. He often saw lamp-trimmers and sometimes spoke to them, while at other times he did not. He thought the keeping of books and accounts was necessary, and prepared a record for each day for all work done at the works. He handed the forms of the record to the committee, but never got them back. The committee said they were good and promised from week to week to bring them before the council. There is a duplicate of all material ordered in his requisition book, and a record is thus kept of what is used at the station. He had been short of carbons because it is difficult to get them. He ordered some, but they didn't arrive in time and the stock had run low. The Canadian Electric Light Company, from which the carbons were purchased, could not fill the order in time, and he had to substitute a shorter carbon. He is short of carbons now because the company were unable to fill the order. He gave the engineer directions to keep a record of the running hours in October. The evidence of the lamp-trimmers was correct. He saw the lamp-trimmer that trimmed the lamps at the station nearly every day. He never went in the morning when the lamp-trimmers went out, because the foreman trimmer could get the men to work. He generally got home from work about midnight and came out the following day between nine and ten. Sometimes he didn't get to bed at all if anything went wrong. As there were two or three days when there is moonlight, he could utilize trimmers to do repairs to avoid employing outside help. He sent one armature out for repairs to Cunningham & Hinton's. He was fixing one himself at the same time. They were both burnt out at the same time. He would have repaired both armatures himself, but he was busy in connection with the test, and for three days he was sick. He also had a lot of other work to do. It took him from ten to twelve days to get his armature fixed, by which every alternate lamp could be run on Devonshire road, but there was some delay in getting the armature from Cunningham & Hinton's. There is no workshop at the station and he does repairs with his own tools at the old workshop on Langley street. The work that has been done outside is only that which could not be done by him with the tools at his command. The commutator which required turning was sent to Spratt & Gray's for this reason. Mr. Hutchison then described the amount of work required to repair a burnt out armature. He had met a good many like the engineer and dynamo tender who could fix an armature in a short time. (Laughter.) The additional armature is worthless as it is, and should be rewound. Mr. McMicking, the late superintendent, said that it was not reliable in the old station. The Cadboro Bay circuit was repaired in the shortest possible time. The statement made by the committee is false with regard to his being only half an hour at the station in 24 days. He read the reports of the policemen. He did not know he was shadowed night and day. The wire referred to by Policeman Clayards was wire purchased by the corporation. He took it from the wharf and stored it in the old building on Langley street, that being the place most convenient to where it was to be used. It does not cost the city anything to have it there. He has no connection with Cunningham & Hinton and never had. He heard the questions asked by Ald. Wilson about the wharf. The engineer told him Ald. Wilson wanted the wharf repaired for coal and he told the engineer to get it fixed. Nobody would dump coal on a wharf in the condition it was in previous to repairs. With reference to the flooding of the boilers, the boilers were flooded and the Hamilton Co.'s engineer took the blame because he did look if the valves were all right, and as Carson was a stranger to the place. He had nothing to do with the steam plant at that time, as Hamilton's man was then in charge.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mason—He is an electrical engineer competent to take charge of any work. He saw the chairman of the Langley street company but seldom and secured no assistance from him in running the electrical or mechanical part of the work. He thoroughly understood from experience the duties of a superintendent. His time at work varied from 10 to 24 hours a day. (Laughter.) He knew whether the lamp-trimmers were doing their work by seeing them on the circuit and inspecting the work done. He took an inventory of the stock on the 23rd of June, which he sent to the council. If his suggestion with regard to daily reports had been adopted he could tell if any circuit of lamps was burning the night previous. Ald. Bragg had prepared rules and asked him to look over them and offer suggestions. He had never returned them with the suggestions. He changed his place of residence twice, but he had a permanent place now. He had a telephone in his house. There is very little work for the superintendent in the station as it is generally the same, just start up and close down, but it is necessary for the superintendent to make himself acquainted with the different lines. There is a horse in connection with the department, but it is used by the foreman of the lamp-trimmers. The men there ought to be competent to run the machinery, but they seem to require a good deal of superintendence. The armature at present unused, whether placed in a dry or damp place, is of no use until it is repaired. He did not stop a leakage of oil on the engine until requested to do so by Ald. Wilson. Ald. Williams came down to see him about forms and could not find him and he went up to see Mr. Williams about the forms and he could not find him. He used his own judgment as to what time he should stay at the station. He admitted that he should have kept a record of what he did. It would be very convenient to-night. (Laughter and applause.) He had la grippe when he was sick. The doctor advised him to stop in the house. He thought the reports of the policemen might be right about the time he got out on the street in the morning. It depended on the time he left off at night how early he got up. He could not repair an armature in the time stated by Carson. It took him three or four days. He is in the station at present from 9 a.m. to 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. to 2 p.m. He didn't know how often the trimmers had seen him. He had seen them often enough. He knew how many carbons it took to fill the lamps daily, and if the men were careless it could be noticed in the consumption.

Cross-examined by Ald. Bragg—He was aware that he was under the supervision of the electric light committee. Directly after his appointment he was treated as he deserved but refused to answer whether he was afterwards treated with the consideration due him as superintendent. He did not remember his having made an appointment with the committee between 9 and 10 each day but believed he told Ald. Williams he would be there at that time.

Ald. Williams here stated that Mr. Hutchison did make an appointment with the electric light committee and Ald. Macmillan protested against aldermen endeavoring to bulldoze Mr. Hutchison. (Applause.)

Mr. Hutchison said he gave instructions to Gibson to look after the lamps and have charge of the other trimmers. He did not give him instructions in writing.

Mr. Belyea—Why did the committee not give instructions to the superintendent in writing?

Ald. Bragg—We are the judges in the matter.

Mr. Belyea trusted that Ald. Bragg would refrain from voting in the matter after taking the part of active prosecutor. (Applause.)

Mr. Hutchison thought the committee would not charge him with neglect of duty in not preparing reports when the delay was caused by the committee themselves.

To Ald. Partridge—Mr. Hutchison had no idea that this trouble was coming, as he thought he was doing his work satisfactorily.

Ald. Partridge—And so did I. (Applause.)

To Ald. Macmillan Mr. Hutchison said he had a lamp taken down from Amelia street through instructions from the mayor. He put another up on Farquhar street, about 250 feet from a light already placed there, through instructions from the committee.

Ald. Wilson—I should like to know who opened box 25 that you insinuate was tampered with?

Mr. Hutchison—So would I. (Laughter.)

To Ald. Wilson Mr. Hutchison said that the Victoria West circuit was once turned out for want of carbons, and that it did not occur to him to tell the committee he had a workshop of his own or to ask the council to furnish one at the station.

To Ald. Williams Mr. Hutchison admitted that there should be a particular time appointed when the electric light committee could consult the engineer.

Mr. Belyea intimated that he would call several other witnesses, who will be heard this evening, to which time the meeting was adjourned.

Stop and Think a Second.

When some one recommends an unknown interlining as being much cheaper and just as good as FIBRE CHAMOIS. There can only be a few paltry cents difference in price, for FIBRE CHAMOIS is very cheap and besides you know it has all the good qualities it claims, for they have been proved. The merchant likely makes a larger profit on the poor line, but you can't afford to risk spoiling your clothing on that account.

FOR YOUR OWN SAKE avoid worthless imitations and when buying find the name

FIBRE CHAMOIS

on every yard. Ask to see it.

PATENTED, JULY 1890. MARCH 1895.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed on exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's Fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The "biking" craze seems to grow. At English country houses now almost all visitors bring their own bicycles. At Dunrobin Castle, says the London correspondent of the Liverpool Post, on a visit of the Duke and Duchess of York, there were twenty-seven guests staying in the house, and of these twenty-two owned bicycles and had brought them with them. Lady Warwick, who was one of the "bikers," used a bicycle enamelled white.

Anæmic Women

with pale or sallow complexions, or suffering from skin eruptions or scrofulous blood, will find quick relief in Scott's Emulsion. All of the stages of Emaciation, and a general decline of health, are speedily cured.

Scott's Emulsion

takes away the pale, haggard look that comes with General Debility. It enriches the blood, stimulates the appetite, creates healthy flesh and brings back strength and vitality. For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Send for our pamphlet. Mailed FREE.

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

Flossie (who has overheard conversation between her father's groom and the family doctor)—Ain't you going to buy our gee-gee

Doctor—No, my dear; I want a larger horse.

Flossie (reproachfully)—We always take any size baby you choose to bring.
—Sydney Bulletin.

—"Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish) conduce to joy and happiness while smoking and afterwards. Try them once. 15 cents per package.

"I ate a piece of pie for supper last night."

"How did you feel when you awoke this morning?"

"I haven't been to sleep yet."—Once a Week.

—Okell & Morris' jams and jellies are absolutely pure.

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

FROM HALIFAX.

Dominion Line, Labrador.........Dec. 7th
Dominion Line, Scotsman.........Dec. 21st
Dominion Line, Vancouver.........Jan. 4th

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line, Umbria.........Nov. 30th
Cunard Line, Lucania.........Dec. 7th
American Line, New York.........Dec. 4th
American Line, Paris.........Dec. 11th
White Star Line, Britannic.........Dec 4th
White Star Line, Majestic.........Dec. 11th
Red Star Line, Westernland.........Dec. 4th
Red Star Line, Noordland.........Dec. 11th
Anchor Line, Ethiopia.........Nov. 30th
Anchor Line, Furnessia.........Dec. 14th
North German Lloyd, Spree.........Dec. 10th
North German Lloyd, Aller.........Dec. 17th
French Line, La Bourgogne.........Nov. 30th
French Line, La Touraine.........Dec. 7th

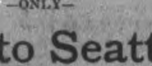
Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second Cabin, $25.00 to $40.00. Steerage $16.00 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here.

For sailing list, steamer accommodation, and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

FOR

Puget Sound Points.



CUT RATES!!

—ONLY—

$1.00 to Seattle

50 Cents

To Port Townsend

—ON THE FAST—

Steamer "Sehome"

Leaving here daily, except Sunday, at 9 a.m.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent.

O. R. & N. STEAMSHIP LINE.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

SS. "MOUNT LEBANON," capacity about 4,000 tons, due about 5th Dec., will proceed to Honolulu.

S.S. "RHOSINA," 3800 tons dead weight, due at Victoria about 23rd December, for Honolulu via Portland.

PUGET SOUND & CENTRAL AMERICA SS. CO'Y.

The S.S. TRANSIT, Capt. Borg, will leave Seattle on 10th November for Central American ports.

For particulars apply to F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents, Importers of Japanese Rice, Silk and General Merchandise, Board of Trade Building.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

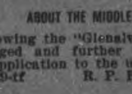
Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

UMATILLA, - - - NOV. 24,

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.



THE BRITISH SHIP

"ILALA"

1375 Tons Register.

Will Sail from Liverpool for Victoria

ABOUT THE MIDDLE OF DECEMBER.

Following the "Glenalvon." Cargo may be engaged and further particulars obtained on application to the undersigned.

oc29-tf R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.

TRANSPORTATION.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 4 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS.

Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 2 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

STEAMER MARY HARE.

Running, in connection with the Victoria and Sidney Railway, will sail, weather permitting and business offering, as follows:

MONDAYS — Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train for Cowichan, Vesuvius Bay, and way ports; returning connects with evening train for Victoria.

TUESDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train for Ganges Harbor and way ports.

WEDNESDAYS— Leave Ganges Harbor at 6:00 a.m. for Sidney, connecting with morning train for Victoria.

THURSDAYS — Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train for Ganges Harbor, Nanaimo and way ports.

FRIDAYS — Leave Nanaimo at 7:00 a.m., for Sidney and way ports, connecting with evening train for Victoria.

For further particulars apply to the Captain on board, or to Victoria and Sidney Railway Agents. oct10-1m

T. W. PATERSON, Manager.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5.40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9.00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5.30 p.m. same days.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C Rouse, Receivers

NORTHERN PACIFIC

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots		Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."		TONNAGE 1147
8 30 pm Lv	MI	*Victoria...	110	Ar 4 30 pm
11 45 pm Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv 1 30 pm
3 00 am Lv	82	...Seattle...	28	Lv 10 15 am
4 45 am Ar	110	*Tacoma..	MI	Lv 8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

*Daily except Monday

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland. Or.

HONOLULU, BY O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom St., San Francisco.

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, Dec. 3rd, 1895, at 10 a.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 5,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Monowai, Thursday Dec. 12, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

For passage apply to 114 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

H. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria

Canadian Pacific Railway Coy's

ROYAL MAIL

STEAMSHIP LINE

....TO....

CHINA AND JAPAN.

EMPRESS OF INDIA,
6000 tons, 10,000 horse power.

EMPRESS OF CHINA,
6000 tons, 10 000 horse power.

EMPRESS OF JAPAN,
6000 tons, 10,000 horse power.

..SPEED 19 KNOTS...

R. M. S. EMPRESS OF JAPAN sails for Hong Kong via Yokohama, November 11th.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 27,

Taking effect June 21st, 1895.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 25.

To Take Effect at 8:00 a. m. on Monday, October 28th, 1895.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

	Daily A. M.	Sat'dy P. M.
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington..	8.00	3 20
Ar. Nanaimo..	11.40	6.38
Ar. Wellington..	12.00	6 55

GOING SOUTH.

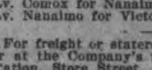
	Daily A. M.	Sat'dy P. M.
Lv. Wellington for Victoria..	8.20	3 30
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria..	8 40	3 45
Ar. Victoria ..	12.20	7.00

For rates and information apply at the Company's offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.



Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria ....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station. Store Street. ap25

GOING TO CHICAGO OR ANYWHERE EAST?

If you are, see that your ticket from Minneapolis, St. Paul or Duluth reads via

"THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE"

(C. St. P. M. & O. Ry.)

Three (3) First Class Trains Leave Minneapolis and St. Paul for Chicago on arrival of trains from Victoria as follows:

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 a.m.; St. Paul 8:10 a.m.

Daily. Badger State Express. Has Parlor Car to Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 8 p.m.; Chicago, 9:45 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 6:00 p.m.; St. Paul 7:35 a.m.

Except Sunday. Atlantic & Southern Express has Wagner Buffet Sleeper and FREE Chair Car to Chicago. Arrive Chicago 8:00 a.m.

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 p.m.; St. Paul 8:10 a.m

Daily. Famous North-Western Limited. Has Pullman and Wagner Private Compartment and 16 section Sleepers and Buffet Smoking Library Coaches to Chicago. Sleeper to Milwaukee. Breakfast in Dining car before reaching Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 7:50 a.m.; Chicago 9:30 a.m.

For Illustrated Folder Free descriptive of Splendid Train Service via this line, to Sioux City, Omaha, Kansas City, Duluth, Ashland, as well as to Milwaukee and Chicago. Call on your Home Agent or Address

T. W. TEASDALE, General passenger agent, St. Paul.

W. H. MEAD, General Agent, 248 Washington St., Portland, Ore.

F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent, 601 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

GREAT NORTHERN

Shortest and Quickest Line

—TO—

KOOTENAY COUNTRY.

St. Paul, Minneapolis,
Duluth, Chicago,
New York, Boston,
And all U. S. Points,

Toronto, Hamilton,
Montreal, Quebec,
And All Eastern Canadian Points.

Daylight run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains—the Grandest Scenery in America. Superb Buffet and Elegant Dining, Palace Sleeping and Cosy Tourist Cars. A delightful ride, free from heat and dust in seasons.

For tickets, etc., see

B MARTIN, Gen. Agent.
75 Government Street.

AIM HIGH

to make yourself comfortable and to give yourself a proper self-respect in the matter of your underclothing and the adornments known as gents' furnishings. Have your linen, neckwear, and such accessories,—way up. There's nothing seedier than cheap looking articles in this line. Our stock of furnishings is the admiration of all good dressers in Victoria. Immaculate linen and fine neckwear give a polish to a man's dress that nothing else can. It's the varnish of attire, so to speak, and that which we supply is the finest of all. Always come to our emporium for furnishing novelties.

T. L. BROWNE & CO.

Gents' and Boys' Outfitters,

82 Douglas Street, Victoria, B. C.

..THE..

New Model Remington Standard

TYPEWRITER No. 6

Has many notable improvements, viz: More permanent alignment, improved spacing mechanism, lighter and wider carriage, uniform and easy touch, economical ribbon movement, improved paper feed.

To those requiring a Typewriter, we offer the Remington, as the best machine on the market.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,

Sole Dealers, Victoria, B. C.

Don't Be Deceived!

Pendray's Electric Soap

IS SURELY THE BEST.

If your grocer palms off a substitute upon you, refuse it as a soap, on which he makes a big profit. Demand Pendray's and if your grocer will not keep it, get it from one who does.

Pendray's is the Best! The Best is the Cheapest.

And the WRAPPERS are worth money to you. Save them and get twelve months' soap supply for nothing.

20 PRIZES - $100

Finnan Haddies, Smoked Salmon

——For Sale by——

R. H. JAMESON, 33 Fort Street.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER

"WESTHOLME"

I have received instructions to sell on the premises, on

Saturday Next, Nov. 23rd, 1895

AT 2 O'CLOCK P.M.

All that piece or parcel of land situate in Chemainus District, being a portion of Section 2, Range 7, containing one-tenth of an acre (more or less), together with the

2-STORY STORE and DWELLING HOUSE,

Lately occupied by Mr. Ferris. This property is a most desirable location for a country store.

Terms Cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

—Buy genuine Pennsylvania anthracite of Spratt & Macaulay. Sole agents.

If you had taken two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring you would not have that bad coated tongue or bad taste in the mouth in the morning. Keep a vial with you for occasional use.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

NANAIMO.

From our own correspondent.

Nanaimo, Nov. 20.—Mr. D. Wilson, inspector of schools, is holding an examination of those children who failed in one subject only at the summer examinations for the high school.

Mr. Jordan, owner of the West Wellington mines, is having his coal cars built in this city, and as soon as a number of them are completed he will commence the shipment of coal.

Boring operations were commenced on Gabriola island yesterday. The prospectus of the company has been issued.

Michael McFarland was admitted to the hospital yesterday, suffering from paralysis, the effects of an accident at the East Wellington mines.

Last evening a grand banquet was given in the Palace hotel by the Knights of Pythias.

An Indian was brought from Alberni to be tried at the assizes next week on a charge of seriously wounding another Indian named William, on the reserve.

CHEMAINUS.

From our own correspondent.

Chemainus, Nov. 20.—W. H. Lomas and Maitland-Dougall passed through here yesterday having in charge two boys who have been attending the Kuper Island industrial school and who are suspected of having set fire to the boys' section of the buildings at the school on several occasions of late. Some damage was done on each occasion, but the wonder is that the building still stands, and no lives lost, as the fire was started just under their sleeping apartments.

T. D. Conway arrived home yesterday.

E. J. Palmer and W. G. Pinder are going out to Cowichan Lake to-morrow.

ROSSLAND.

Rossland Prospector.

The Josie is an every-day shipper.

The engine at the R. E. Lee has steamed up.

The Cliff has just made a shipment of 38 tons of ore valued at $995.50.

Le Roi ore is valued at the customs house at $45.80 per ton.

The Oriental has been purchased by Col. George Turner, representing a company of Montreal capitalists.

Bob Shields has gone about four miles west of the Douglas B camp on Arrow lake and located several mineral claims.

Mr. Durant, the manager of the Centre Star, is of the opinion that a matting plant at the mines will be required to treat the vast body of low grade ore.

The Argonaut Mining Company, (C. P. R. officials) has six men developing the Londonderry. George Turner is superintending that work and also the work on the Violet, a claim adjoining the Southern Cross in the south belt.

The large boiler for the Centre Star mine arrived here Friday from Trail. It was drawn by four horses and attracted a great deal of attention when passing through the streets. Two days were occupied in making the journey from Trail.

The Black Prince will be developed this winter. It has two ledges. At a depth of 8 feet mineral is obtained that goes $8.10 in gold. The Black Prince is located one and a half miles below Trail, and only three-quarters of a mile from the Columbia river. It is owned by J. J. Hand, W. N. Pfeifer and John Lowering.

So many ledges have been discovered in the mountains to the south of and near the foot of Lower Arrow lake that it seems probable that a producing camp will be developed there. Prospectors who have spent several weeks in that locality report that "the whole country is impregnated with ore."

There is before the people of Rossland a fine prospect for cheap lights. Two electric light companies are here, and both mean business. The one, known as the local company, has an entire plant on the ground, poles erected and wires strung. The other has ordered a plant and will let the contract to-day for the erection of poles.

What is believed to be the first "gun-play" ever made in Rossland occurred on Tuesday night. At about 6 o'clock the large bar room of the International Hotel was pretty well crowded, when two men rushed in from Spokane street, where they had been "having words." The one who entered first, a young man named Johnny Langford, turned around and told the other, Thomas J. Thomas, to "keep away." It is said that Thomas attempted to kick Langford, whereupon the latter drew a large Colt's revolver and struck Thomas over the head with it. He then fired, the bullet making a scalp wound on Thomas' head, grazing the neck of Walter L. Carruthers, a Slocan prospector, cutting a clean hole through the large glass in the front window, and narrowly missing the head of Mr. J. S. Clute, barrister, who was passing on the sidewalk, buried itself in the casement of a window in Stack & McDonell's hotel on the opposite side of the street right over the heads of some boys who were playing there. After firing the shot Langford ran out at the back door, but was soon afterwards arrested by Constables Hooson and Gerow and taken to the police station. He afterwards appeared before a magistrate and was committed for trial, being sent to Kamloops jail for safe keeping.

CHINESE CELEBRATION.

A Religious Demonstration Will Commence in Chinatown Saturday.

A religious demonstration, unique in its character, will be held in this city, commencing on Saturday next and continuing for three or four days. The demonstration is in charge of the Che Hung Tong society and they have spared neither time nor money to make it a success. Three Taoist priests have arrived from California to perform the religious ceremonies. For this purpose a platform will be built on Cormorant street, so that all who wish may witness the performance. It will begin about nine o'clock each evening and continue till three or four in the morning. The priests will act as intermediaries between the Joss and the people. Upwards of $2000 has been subscribed for the purpose of propitiating the Joss for the sins of those already departed, and that they may find a flowery kingdom in the world to come. There will be a performance in the Chinese theatre about the same time, but it has no connection with the religious demonstration. This demonstration is free from fire crackers and bombs and is in every way different from a Chinese new year celebration.

DUNRAVEN STAYS WITH IT

He Will Come to New York With Evidence to Support His Charges.

Mr. Iselin Writes a Letter Denying In Toto All Dunraven's Accusations.

New York, Nov. 20.—The New York Yacht Club held a meeting to-night to take action concerning the charges made by Lord Dunraven, which brought forth from C. Oliver Iselin an interesting and vigorous refutation of the Englishman's statement. There was read also a letter from H. Maitland Kersey, conveying an offer from Lord Dunraven to come to this country for an investigation, which was a complete surprise. Charge of the whole matter was delegated to a committee of three, J. Pierpont Morgan, the financier; William C. Whitney, ex-secretary of the navy; and George L. Rives, the two first named being of more than national reputation. The meeting was of short duration. First Lord Dunraven's charges published in the London Field were read, then rebuttal testimony from members of the cup committee and the regatta committees. Then came Mr. Iselin's letter, which follows:

"To the New York Yacht Club—Gentlemen: I desire to lay before you for your consideration to-day the charges made by Lord Dunraven in his letter to the London Field, of which the annexed is a copy. A careful perusal of this letter will show that Lord Dunraven makes the charges that after being measured for the cup race in September last the Defender was surreptitiously loaded so as to sink her four inches in the water; that she sailed in that condition in the first day's race, and immediately after the race ballasts of lead were secretly removed, so that when measured the next day (Sunday) no discrepancy was found to exist between the two measurements.

"While Lord Dunraven intimates that I was not personally cognizant of the fraud, the charge is none the less explicit. Now, Lord Dunraven is an experienced yachtsman, and when he made this charge he knew perfectly well, as every yachtsman knows, that it was practically impossible for such a thing as he charges to have been done on the Defender between her measurement on Friday and her sailing on Saturday, without being known or made known to me, who, on behalf of the owners of the Defender and in the name of the New York Yacht Club, was charged with the sole personal responsibility of managing her during the race. Officers to the number of 38 were on board of her all the intervening time, and it is impossible that the fourteen tons of ballast necessary to accomplish the result charged could have been put into her on Friday night and taken out again before Sunday without the fact being known to a large number of witnesses. I was responsible for the proper officering and managing of the yacht. I personally examined the Defender's hold and every part of her on the morning of the 7th, immediately before the race, and I know the absolute falsity of the imputation. I consider myself, therefore, as standing before the world solemnly charged by Lord Dunraven with an offense as base as could possibly be imputed to a sportsman and a gentleman, and which I indignantly resent, and, more than that, with having betrayed the confidence of my associates in the ownership of the Defender, the trust placed in me by the New York Yacht Club, and the good name of my country, whose reputation for fair play will be involved in the contest.

"Lord Dunraven claims to have sailed the race on Saturday after being assured that he had been cheated in the fraudulent overloading of the Defender. He sailed the next race on the 10th with the same conviction in his mind as that on the first day's race, that he had been cheated. He brought off the last day's race, not upon any such grounds, but on the entirely distinct grounds that the course would not and could not be clear. He went home and after a silence of more than two months he makes this odious charge in a communication addressed not to me or to the owners of the Defender, nor to either the New York Yacht Club or the Royal Yacht Squadron, but to a public paper on the other side of the Atlantic which it would be impossible for me to read or reply to before it had already made a deep impression on the minds of his countrymen.

"Relying upon its belief in my integrity, the New York Yacht Club deemed itself justified in placing its honor and that of the country in my hands in the conduct of the race. I could not have imagined that in assuming that trust I should expose myself and you to such gross imputations. But, now that they are made, I place myself in your hands, in order that the club may take such steps as it sees fit, not alone to vindicate the Defender and the honor of her owners, but also to refute the imputation cast upon the good faith of the club and the country. I have the honor to remain very respectfully yours."

TO WORK IN ALBERNI.

The Islander Gold Quartz Mining and Milling Company.

In the advertising columns will be found the prospectus of the Islander Gold Quartz Mining and Milling Company, Ltd. This company has been organized for the purpose of taking over and working the Islander mineral claim, situate on a branch of Granite creek, Alberni district, and for the purpose of purchasing and working such other mineral claims as the company may determine. The Islander mineral claim is within two and a half miles of the navigable waters of Alberni Canal. It is outside the land grant of the E. & N. railway company. A good trail is built direct to the mine. There can thus be no dispute as to title, and transportation to and from the mine will be at low rates. Returns from assays made of the surface ore have varied from $2 to $15 per ton in gold and copper. The character of the ore is similar to those produced by the Le Roi and other mines at Trail creek in West Kootenay. It is believed that as depth is attained the value of the ore will greatly increase, as was the case with the Trail creek ores. Assays have been made by Price, of San Francisco; Tacoma Smelting and Refining Company, Tacoma; W. Pellew-Harvey, Vancouver; Government Assay Office, Victoria. Only surface work has, so far, been done on the claim, which is from four to eight feet in width. It is proposed to sink shafts and otherwise prospect the mine, so as to thoroughly prove its extent and value.

John Irving, M. P. P., William Munsie and W. G. Mackenzie are provisional directors; Thomas H. Prosser, of Flint & Prosser, brokers, is secretary.

MEMORABLE DATES.

To the Editor: I send you a few dates of memorable events in British Columbia and Vancouver Island.

Proclamation of British Columbia a separate colony, 19th November, 1858, at Langley.

Governor Seymour's commission, British Columbia, 11th January, 1864.

Sir James Douglas retired a few days before.

Governor Kennedy's commission, Vancouver Island, revoked 22nd October, 1866.

Proclamation of union of British Columbia and Vancouver Island, 19th November, 1866.

MEMOR TEMPORIS ACTI.

—You may eat cheap food and not be seriously hurt by it; but you cannot take cheap medicines without positive injury. If you use any substitute for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, you do so at the peril of your health, perhaps of your life. Insist on having Ayer's and no other.

A CLERICAL SLANDERER.

To the Editor: It seems to me, and I have no doubt to many other British Columbians, that the Rev. G. H. Tovey, formerly a resident of the city of Nanaimo, has proved to every fair-minded man and woman in this province, that notwithstanding his cloth he stepped down from the temple of truth and belied the people of British Columbia. The report of his remarks, as given by the Gloucestershire Echo, made at a religious meeting, contains the following: "The tendency to go west still held good, and the result was that the floating population of British Columbia consisted of the scum of Europe, men who had no desire for religion." If there is anything calculated to make people indifferent to religion it is such untruthful statements as the above when made by a clergyman. I challenge Mr. Tovey or any other minister of the Gospel to truthfully say that the population, both fixed and floating, of British Columbia will not compare with that of any other country in the world. In fact, as a whole, I am in a position to prove that the comparison would be in favor of British Columbians. I am an old countryman myself and I have lived in this province for several decades and know whereof I speak. In days gone by when men of mark visited this country they have on many occasions expressed themselves as astonished at the intelligence and good behaviour that were manifest among even the floating population, and we certainly have not retrograded in these particulars. And now for a canting cleric to tell the good people of Gloucestershire that we are the "scum of Europe!" Away with such a peddler of falsehoods.

A BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

—Smokers of imported Egyptian Cigarettes pronounce the "Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish) superior to any imported. Try them once. 15 cents per package.

LIGHTHOUSE IN OPEN SEA.

Daring Piece of Engineering Undertaken by the U. S. Government.

A difficult and costly piece of engineering has been undertaken by the United States government in the projected establishment of a great lighthouse in the open ocean off Diamond Shoal, seven miles from the present Hatteras light and almost due east.

This is one of the most daring schemes that army officers have dealt with since General Casey, chief of engineers, successfully undermined the great Washington monument, and placed there a solid foundation expected to support that structure for ages to come.

Surrounding this new plan, however, there is a foreboding of failure, and it is predicted thus early that $1,000,000 is to be sunk literally as well as metaphorically into the sea.

If such a structure is placed there, and stands without serious damage the onslaught of the seas for five years, according to a leading army engineer, the government will have accomplished its greatest triumph in this branch of science.

The height of the focal plane above water in the prospectus is given as 100 feet, and the structure is to stand in 33 feet of water and to be supported on disc piles sunk to a depth of thirty feet in the sand. The diameter from centre to centre of vertical members of the foundation series to be sixty feet, and the height of the floor of the house above water forty-seven feet. The main portion of the structure is to be constructed of forged steel members with principal joints and connections formed of steel castings.

A special feature of the design is to make all essential parts below the water line of massive dimensions, as well as all those parts above the water line which will be subject to the action of wind and waves. The use of bolts, keys, screws and other small sections or dimensions which would be rapidly weakened by corrosion, will be avoided as far as possible. Joints and connections are made absolutely rigid to all possible strains and to be as strong as the members themselves. This is to be effected by joining ends of members to steel cast hubs by the use of massive steel rings shrunk on in a manner approximating that followed in "built up" gun construction.

In the foundation series, besides the massive members necessary for the strength of the tower when in place, there will be certain other rods of lighter section, which are added for greater security to stiffen the framework while it is floated and while being placed and grounded on the shoal. It is proposed by the board to construct the screw pile structure in the harbor and float it out by steel cylindrical caissons calculated to give a draft of thirty feet when at sea. This part of the light is then to be sunk probably fifty feet down in the bottom by hydraulics until a firm hold is secured. It is then proposed to build up from the skeleton arrangement until the light keeper's apartments have been completed and the height secured for the great lens, which is to throw its light twenty-five miles in all directions.

The work is to begin this winter, and it is proposed to complete the light in two or three years.—Washington Times.

You Can Believe

The testimonials published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest people who have actually found in their own experience that Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, creates an appetite, strengthens the system and absolutely and permanently cures all diseases caused by impure or deficient blood.

HOOD'S PILLS for the liver and bowels, act promptly, easily and effectively.

—See "our show" of "skin rugs;" also a line of chenille table covers. Weiler Bros

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA

She Makes a Very Good Run Across the Pacific, Despite Very Thick Weather.

Capt. Archibald Refused to Take His Vessel to William Head Last Night.

Although the C. P. R. steamship Empress of China passed Otter Point before 4 o'clock yesterday she was not anchored off the outer wharf until after 7 o'clock last night, and it was four hours later before the Victoria passengers had been landed. All this delay was caused by the fog and the policy of the C. P. R. in refusing to bring their steamers to the outer wharf, which they could now do without the least trouble. Pilots Thompson and Bucknam, who had been out in the straits all day and the night before, waiting for the Empress, missed her in the fog, so Captain Archibald brought her up under slow steam. The current took him down towards Clover Point, where he sighted the steamer Maude, which was on her way from Vancouver. Thinking that the Maude was coming out as tender she was called alongside. Captain Sere, of the Maude, got on the Empress and directed Captain Archibald to safe anchorage off the outer wharf.

All this time the tender Rainbow, with the C. P. R. and customs officials and a number of others on board, was at William Head waiting for the Empress to come there. Her whistle was heard as she passed in, and the official tried to induce Dr. Jones, the quarantine officer, to take his steamer and go out and pass her. This Dr. Jones declined to do, stating that his place was at William Head and the vessel must go there to be examined. This decision was conveyed to Captain Archibald by the C. P. R. officials, but he declined to go to William Head at night, considering the thickness of the weather, and Pilot Babington said he could take the ship there but it would not be prudent to do so. He afterwards explained that there was no light or fog signal to direct a captain to William Head.

After a good deal of scurrying around the services of Dr. George Duncan were secured and he passed the vessel and Victoria mail and passengers were landed. She brought 25 cabin passengers, 9 second class and 169 steerage. The cabin passengers were: Mr. Wharton Barker, Miss Ella Blackstock, Mr. R. J. Ryland, Mr. L. Camera, Mr. C. H. Conover, Mr. R. J. Martinez Danson, Mrs. R. J. Martinez Danson, Mr. Geo. Flood, Mr. F. M. Garland, Mr. B. Guggenheim, Mr. William G. Hibbard, jr., Mr. R. C. Hope, Miss A. L. Howe, Mr. J. A. Kahl, Miss H. Kemper, Mr. R. Little, Miss A. M. Little, Mrs. Danson Martinez, Mr. C. Okumura, Mr. H. Schlee, Mr. T. A. Snider, Mr. F. W. Styan, Mr. K. Tanaka, Mr. F. H. Walker, Mr. H. H. West.

Among the passengers who stopped here was Mr. R. Little, of Singapore, who is accompanied by his sister, Miss A. M. Little. Mr. Little's father is a London merchant, who has branches of his firm in the far east. Mr. Little manages the Singapore branch. They will remain for a few days visiting Victoria friends and will then proceed to London.

Mr. Wharton Barker is one of the leaders of the Republican party in Pennsylvania. He has never sought office, satisfied with being one of the powers behind the throne. He is a banker and is also interested in a number of newspaper enterprises.

Mr. T. A. Snider, who also left the steamer here, is a fruit canner of Cincinnati. He has been travelling for his health. Mr. C. H. Conover, of the big hardware firm of Chicago which bears his name, has been extending his business in the east. There were a number of other commercial men on board bent on the same errands. Mr. D. Steele, of this city, who was on the sealing schooner Retriever, of Yokohama, came home. He said the Japanese sealers did fairly well this season.

Despite thick weather the Empress made a quick run across the Pacific, leaving Yokohama on the 9th. The vessel came 1500 miles under dead reckoning, and then Captain Archibald was only a few miles out when land was sighted. On the whole the trip was a pleasant and uneventful one.

A general cargo of 2387 tons was brought over for the coast and eastern points. The steamer left at daylight this morning for Vancouver.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

For Dirty Weather

YOU WILL NEED

A Good Servicable Door - Mat!

ONE,—THAT WILL LAST . . .

We have a full line; that is, we have "Cocoa Mats" in all sizes.

PLAIN COCOA MATS.
SKELETON COCOA MATS.
BORDERED COCOA MATS.
WIRE MATS.
RUBBER MATS.
BEAM MATS.

Weiler Bros.

51 to 55 Fort St.

MUNICIPAL

MUNICIPAL ELECTION, 1896.

HOUSEHOLDERS' QUALIFICATIONS.

All persons wishing to qualify under the above qualifications, as voters for the ensuing municipal elections for the year 1896, in accordance with Clause E of Section 37 of the Municipal Amendment Act, 1894, can do so by calling at the Assessor's Office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 30th day of November, instant.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Assessor.

City Hall, Victoria, B. C.
November 1st, 1895. nov1-1m

$25.00 REWARD.

The above reward is hereby offered for such information as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons tampering or interfering in any way with any manhole, ventilator, flush tank, or other part of the sewerage system of the City of Victoria, or causing any impediment or obstruction to the proper and effective operation of any portion of the said system, except when acting under instructions from the City Engineer or Sanitary Officer.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., August 1st, 1895.

$10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

NOTICE

Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk, is closed to Public Traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

au5

NOTICE

Cormorant street, between Douglas and Blanchard, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

City Hall, Oct. 15th, 1895.

SEQUAH'S REMEDIES

Can be Obtained from your Chemist

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

Don't forget, these Remedies have been

PUBLICLY TESTED

and proved to be superior to any other.

Sold by all Chemists and direct from Langley & Co.

The British Columbia Corporation,

LIMITED,

TEMPLE BUILDING, FORT ST., VICTORIA.

Immediate advances on all kinds of security at low rates of interest. Rents Collected, Estates Managed.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd., Agents.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE HYAMS MAY NOT HANG

So Far the Defence Has Had the Advantage of the Court's Rulings.

But it is Thought That the Crown is Reserving Its Climax.

Toronto, Nov. 20.—The last three or four sessions of the Hyams trial have been almost totally devoid of interest. Evidence which the crown sought to introduce was invariably objected to by the defense on technical grounds. So far the judge has been called upon to made twenty-nine rulings, most of them exceedingly delicate ones, and in every important instance they have been in favor of the defence. The crown is far from satisfied with the result of some of these rulings and in the event of a verdict other than conviction application will be made for a new trial, the prisoners being meanwhile held in custody. The crown's case is now almost completed, only the medical evidence remaining to be put in. It is claimed that some sensational developments may be looked for, the crown having intentionally reserved the climax of its case for the last.

The crown sprang a surprise on the defense to-day, when it brought forward to prove that Harry Hyams was a forger. Daniel Ames, of New York, expert on hand writing, was in court prepared to swear that the endorsements on checks, issued by Martha Wells to several money lenders, were in the hand writing of Harry Hyams. Shortly after Martha Wells got possession of the insurance money Hyams secured several thousand dollars from her for the alleged purpose of loaning to parties, the names of whom the crown claims are purely fictitious. The crown claims that it was this trouble that induced him to marry Martha Wells, as the only means of escape. The marriage of Hyams and Martha Wells occurred shortly afterwards.

Daniel T. Ames swore that the disputed entry in the pass-book was in the same writing as Hyams' letters to Martha Wells as were also the endorsements on several checks issued by Martha Wells.

Dr. Caven was the first medical expert called. He produced Wells' skull and described the bone fractures. The whole head was apparently flat from side to side and protruded upwards. The doctor swore that the force to produce the bone fractures must have come from the right side, the head at the same time resting on something solid. Asked by the crown if one blow could account for all the fractures, the doctor replied that there was direct evidence of a second blow.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

SLAVIN TO FIGHT MAHER.

London, Nov. 20.—Frank P. Slavin has signed articles for a twenty-round match with Peter Maher, formerly Irish champion, now claiming to hold the championship of America, for £500 and the best purse, the fight to take place either in England or South Africa.

THE WHEEL.

THE MEET CANCELLED.

In consequence of to-day's rain having left the track too slippery for fast work, the promoters of the Thanksgiving day race meet at the Oak Bay track have indefinitely postponed that attraction. The cancellation of the meet is very much to be regretted, as every event on the programme had filled well and gave promise of being fast and exciting. Lister, the Deemings and Penwill were booked to demolish all the provincial records from the quarter up and were in shape to do it. It is now practically certain that no more races will be held this year, the weather being no longer to be relied upon.

CHESS.

IN NEW QUARTERS.

The Victoria Chess club are making active preparations for the winter season. New quarters have been secured at No. 53 Five Sisters block, and arrangements are being made for a tournament. Several lovers of the game have recently joined the club, while others have signified their intention of doing so.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO-MORROW'S SPORTS.

Some interesting field contests have been arranged for to-morrow. The members of the Victoria Rugby football team will journey to Nanaimo to meet the Nanaimo Hornets, and the Navy team goes to Duncans to play a return match with the Cowichan team. At home there will be the wheelmen's meet at Oak Bay and rifle shooting at Clover point by members of the Victoria Garrison Artillery Rifle association.

To All Trades' Unions

The genuine Spanish Blossom cigars have the union label on every box. Take no others and help union labor. Kurtz & Co.

—Sweet taste remains after smoking "Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish). 15 cents per package.

—In the announcement concerning the death of Capt. Henry W. Mist, R. N., yesterday the name was erroneously printed "Henry W. West."

CASUALTIES AND CRIMES

Fire in a New York Sweating Shop—A Triple Murder at Brownsville.

A Colored Teacher Turns Butcher—Perry, Oklahama, Reduced to Ashes.

New York, Nov. 20.—Two hundred and forty people were hemmed in by flames this morning when fire broke out in the six-storey building, 98 Clinton street, on the upper floor, occupied as sweating shops. An unknown man was suffocated on the second floor. Meyer Lipitz, 29 years old, jumped from the fourth floor to the pavement, and was seriously injured. An unknown man jumped from the roof to the three storey building adjoining and was taken unconscious to the hospital. The fire spread so rapidly that all escape was cut off through the narrow stairways. No one can estimate how many dead are still in the building.

Brawnsville, Ore., Nov. 20.—John Montgomery, his wife and B. McKercher, were found murdererd at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon on the farm of O. Templeton, three miles east of here. All three of the victims had been shot with rifles. The murderers made good their scape.

No motive at present is known for the crime. Montgomery was found lying on his back in the yard about twenty feet from the house with the top of his head blown off and his brains scattered over the fence. McKercher was found lying on his face in the sitting room, a bullet wound in the left side of his head and part of the skull gone. Montgomery's rifle was lying across his legs. Mrs. Montgomery was found in the dining room lying on her face, shot in the back.

From their positions it would seem that the victims were all fleeing from the murderers. The excitemnt here is intense, and if the murderers are caught they will be lynched. No one but the murdered people are known to have been on the premises at the time of the tragedy.

Emporia, Kan., Nov. 20.—The citizens of Dunlap a little village thirty miles north of here, are wildly excited over a series of crimes committed by a negro, and all the able bodied male inhabitants are armed hunting him down. If found he will be lynched.

He is a negro school teacher, who not long ago assaulted one of his pupils, Dora Ray, about 14 years of age. He was cited to appear before the board of education. He did so, accompanied by his lawyer. At the hearing evidence was not only produced proving the attempted assault, but testimony adduced charging him with renewing the attempt.. Notwithstanding all this the board wished to settle the matter so that Henderson would not have to appear in court to answer to a criminal charge. This exasperated the father of the little girl, Samuel Ray, who insisted that he be arrested and tried. A quarrel ensued and Henderson struck Ray over the head with a hatchet, splitting his skull. He then rushed for the door and was met in the aisle by Mrs. Ray, who attempted to stop him; she, too, fell before the murderous weapon, being struck on the head with the sharp edge. Next in his path was Mrs. McFall, daughter of Mrs. Ray and sister of Dora. She, also was felled to the floor. He then turned aside and struck Thos. Starkey over the head and escaped, leaving his victims weltering in blood.

Butte, Mont., Nov. 20.—Pettingill, the wild man of Wise River Mountains, has been found dead in his mountain retreat. Pettingill came to Montana during the early period of the war and ever since has lived close among the wild animals of Wise River Mountains. Nothing has ever been learned regarding his life before coming to Montana, though several stories are told concerning his reasons for retiring from civilization. Pettingill had knowledge of a fabulously rich gold vein, but never disclosed the location, though he gave to a party of hunters some quartz that assayed $50,000.

Perry, Okla., Nov. 20.—The north side of the city of Purcell, I. T., caught fire this morning and three-fourths of the town is in ashes. Very little of the town can be saved. It is reported that several persons were burned.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 20.—The last hope that remained to Harry Hayward for his life was wrested from him when the Supreme Court this morning handed down a long opinion affirming the action of the lower court in denying him a new trial. The court was unanimous in their opinion, save in one finding, as to the admissability of Mrs. Hazeltine's evidence, to which Chief Justice Start dissents. The court finds no error in the conduct of the trial and declares the trial judge justified in excluding the testimony as to the sanity of Harry Hayward, as, while on the stand, no question had been raised to his previous mental condition. It was also proper to exclude the evidnce as to insanity in the family under the circumstances, as there is a distinction between insanity as a direct issue and as a collateral one affecting the competency of a witness.

Harry Hayward turned pale when the decision was announced, but said nothing more than: "It was just what I expected." He is apparently without hope. County Attorney Nye, to whom Governor Clough has referred the fixing of the date of execution, will name December 6th as the date.

Hudson, N. Y., Nov. 20.—The horseless carriage, bound from New York for Chicago, left here at 9 a.m. It is expected to reach Albany early this afternoon.

Lowell, Mass., Nov. 20.—A large five story brick building on Middle street was destroyed by fire this morning. The fire started in the liquor store of J. N. Beaver about 1:45, and spread rapidly aided by repeated explosions of whiskey in barrels. All the engines in the city were summoned. By hard work the flames were confined to the building. There was no loss of life; the property loss is between $350,000 and $400,000.

San Francisco, Nov. 20.—Particulars of the loss of the Italian bark Broun Carlo off the Horn, were received here to-day. The bark collided with the British ship Condor. It is now known that not only was the Carlo sunk, but only four of her nineteen men were saved.

Troy, N. Y. Nov. 20.—The horseless carrage left here at 7:45 this morning on the journey to Chicago.

Port Huron Mich., Nov. 20.—The Canadian schooner Dauntless is at anchor seven miles above Fort Gratiot light, on the Canadian shore. The crew were taken off today by a tug. The seas are breaking over her and she is fast going to pieces. Two schooners are ashore about two miles up on the Canadian side.

Rome, N. Y., Nov. 20.—The district attorney this afternoon said all the boys arrested for the train wrecking, except Bristol, had made a complete confession, which agreed in all important details. The charge preferred is murder in the first degree.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 20.—Last night's storm was the most severe on Lake Huron. The steamer Northern Wave went ashore trying to enter a harbor of refuge at Sand Beach. The crew are safe. Steamer Kersarge grounded inside the harbor. The wreck of a steamer was seen to-day drifting off Point Crescent, and the life saving crew from Port Mustinge have gone to the rescue.

—Always ask for Okell & Morris' jams and jellies.

"Say, cull, I wouldn't ride on these yere passenger trains 'f I could."

"Wy?"

"Tink of stopping only 20 minutes for dinner!"—Cihago Record.

ROYAL Baking Powder.

***Highest of all in leavening strength.*—U. S. Government Report.**

SALISBURY AND THE SULTAN

Continued from Page 1.

the introduction of a new order of things."

As intimated in these dispatches during the last few days, the attitude of the Sultan has undergone a decided change since the other fleets began to join the British fleet in the naval demonstration in Salonica bay. No doubt the pressure brought to bear upon the Sultan has been strong enough to make him take personal charge of the work in Armenia, and it is now hoped there will be no further bloodshed.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 20.—The U. S. S. Minneapolis has been ordered to join the European squadron immediately, doubtless on account of the Turkish situation. She is in American waters now, and it will take several days to fit her out.

PERSONAL.

Capt. Soule, of Vancouver, is at the Oriental.

Wm. Wilson returned from the Mainland yesterday.

Capt. Gaudin returned from the Mainland last evening.

H. F. Clinton and bride, of New Westminster are at the Dallas.

Frank W. Parker, Puget Sound agent of the C. & N. W. Ry., is in the city.

J. M. McDonald and A. J. Martin, of New Westminster, are at the New England.

Mrs. E. J. Palmer, of Chemainus, was a passenger on the noon train to-day and is registered at the Oriental.

M. M. English and wife, J. M. English and Rev. R. F. Clinton, of New Westminster, are at the Driard.

T. A. Snider, proprietor of one of the large fruit canneries of Cincinnati, is at the Dallas. He has just returned from a trip to the Orient.

ISLANDER GOLD QUARTZ

MINING AND MILLING CO LIMITED LIABILITY.

Registered under the Companies Act, 1878, and Amending Acts.

CAPITAL, $100,000, in 100,000 Shares of $1 Each.

The first issue to the public will be 10,000 shares, payable as follows. 10 cents per share on application, and 10 cents per share monthly thereafter until 50 cents shall have been paid on each share.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:

JOHN IRVING, M. P. P., VICTORIA, B. C.
WM. MUNSIE, MERCHANT, VICTORIA, B. C.
W. G. MACKENZIE, COMMISSION MERCHANT, VICTORIA, B. C.
Secretary—THOS. H. PROSSER, (Flint & Prosser), 18 Broad St., VICTORIA, B. C.

Bankers—BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Solicitors—HUNTER & DUFF.

PROSPECTUS.

The Islander Gold Quartz Mining & Milling Company, Limited Liability, has been organized for the purpose of taking over and working the Islander Mineral Claim, situate on a branch of Granite Creek, Alberni district, Vancouver Island, B. C., and for the purpose of purchasing and working such other mineral claims as the company may determine.

The Islander Mineral Claim is within two and a half miles of the navigable waters of Alberni canal. It is outside the land grant of the E. & N Railway Company. A good trail is built directly to the mine. There can be no dispute as to the title, and transportation to and from the mine will be at low rates.

Returns from assays made of the surface ore have varied from $2 to $15 per ton in gold and copper. The character of the ore is similar to those produced by the Le Roi and other mines at Trail Creek in West Kootenay. It is believed that as depth is attained the value of the ore will greatly increase, as was the case with the Trail Creek ores.

Assays have been made by Price, of San Francisco; Tacoma Smelting and Refining Co., of Tacoma; W. Pellew Harvey, Vancouver; Government Assay Office, Victoria.

Only surface work has, so far, been done on the claim, which is from four to eight feet in width. It is proposed to sink shafts and otherwise prospect this mine, so as to thoroughly prove its extent and value.

In the event of a sale of the mine being made, the full amount subscribed by shareholders of B and C stock will first be returned to them, and the remaining profit divided among all the shares.

All further particulars may be learned, and samples of ore seen, at the office of the Secretary, No. 18 Broad street.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION.

We, John Irving, of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, master mariner, William Munsie, of the same place, merchant, and William G. Mackenzie, of the same place, commission merchant, do hereby certify (in duplicate) that we desire to form, under the provisions of the "Companies Act, 1878" (Provincial), being Part II. of Chap. 21 of the "Consolidated Acts, 1888," and amending Acts, a company as hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The corporate name of the company shall be "The Islander Gold Quartz Mining & Milling Company, Limited Liability."

2. The objects for which the company is established are as follows:—

(a) To purchase the Islander mineral claim situate on Granite Creek, Alberni district, Vancouver Island, British Columbia, from the registered owners thereof, for sixty thousand (60,000) paid up shares of the capital stock of the company, to be called issue A, and to prospect, explore, work, develop and turn to account the said mineral claim:

(b.) To purchase, take or lease, or otherwise acquire and prospect, explore, work, exercise, develop and turn to account any mines, metalliferous land, mining rights, prospector's or other claims in British Columbia:

c.) To purchase, take or lease, exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary for the purposes of its business.

(d.) To raise, crush, win, get, quarry, smelt, calcine, refine, dress, amalgamate, manipulate, and prepare for market ore, metal and mineral substances of all kinds, whether the property of the company or not, in British Columbia, and to carry on any metallurgical operations which may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, or which may seem capable of being usefully or profitably carried on in connection with the other business of the company, and to sell, dispose of, and deal in any ore, metal and mineral substances either in a manufactured state or otherwise, and any materials or substances resulting from or to be obtained in the process of smelting, refining or manufacturing the same, and either free or in combination with other substances.

(e.) To construct, carry out, maintain, improve, manage, work, control, and superintend any trails, roadways, tramways, railways, reservoirs, watercourses, bridges, aqueducts, wharves, furnaces, sawmills, crushing works, hydraulic works, electrical works, factories, warehouses, ships, boats, and other works and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the objects of the said company, and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise aid and take part in such operations;

(f.) To mortgage the uncalled capital of the company subject to the provisions of the said Act:

(g.) To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any property of the company:

(h.) To sell the property and the undertaking of the company or any part thereof, at such time or times, in such manner, on such terms and for such consideration as the company may think fit:

(i.) To purchase or otherwise acquire or deal with any capital stock of the company whether fully paid up or not:

(j.) To amalgamate with, or acquire the business and liabilities of any other company or companies having objects altogether or in part similar to this company.

(k.) To sell and dispose of from time to time not more than ten thousand (10,000) paid up shares of the capital stock of the company (to be called issue B), for such price (not less than fifty (50) cents per share) as the trustees may be able to obtain therefor.

(l.) To sell and dispose of from time to time the remaining thirty thousand (30,000) shares of the capital stock of the company (to be called issue C), at such price (not being less than seventy-five (75) cents per share) as the trustees shall be able to obtain therefor.

(m.) In the event of a sale of the said Islander mineral claim, to pay and discharge all debts and liabilities of the company, and the cost, charges and expenses of and incidental to the said sale, and in the pany, and the costs, charges and expenses of such sale to the holders of stock of issues B and C, the amounts paid by them for such stock, and in the next place to pay and divide the surplus of such proceeds to and among all the holders of capital stock of the company at the date of such sale in proportion to the amounts of stock then held by such stockholders respectively:

(n.) To procure the company to be registered or recognized in any place or country.

(o.) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered in placing, or assisting to place, or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any debentures or other securities of the company, or the conduct of its business.

(p.) To do all things such as the company may think incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

3. The capital of the company is one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) divided into one hundred thousand (100,000) shares at one dollar ($1.00) each allotted and appropriated as aforesaid.

4. The corporate existence of the company shall continue for fifty (50) years.

5. The number of trustees who shall manage the concerns of the company for the first three months shall be three, and their names are John Irving, of the City of Victoria, master mariner, William Munsie, of the City of Victoria, merchant, and William G. Mackenzie, of the same place, commission merchant.

6.—The principal place of business of the company is located in the City of Victoria.

7. A stockholder is not individually liable for the debts or liabilities of the corporation, but the liability of a stockholder is limited to his proportion (based upon the amount of his respective shares) to assessments legally levied, and the charges thereon, if advertised as delinquent during the time that he is a stockholder, upon a share or shares of which he is the holder, as shown by the shareholders' register book of the corporation. Assessments and charges thereon, when taken collectively, shall not exceed in the aggregate the value in dollars printed or shown upon each share when issued.

JOHN IRVING,
WM. MUNSIE,
W. G. MACKENZIE.

Made, signed, and acknowledged (in duplicate) by the above named John Irving, William Munsie and William G. Mackenzie, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, this sixteenth day of October, A. D. 1895, before me,

(L.S.) GORDON HUNTER,
A Notary Public in and for the Province of British Columbia.

Filed (in duplicate) the 11th day of November, 1895.

(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
no19 Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

BEAR IN MIND

That while the

How Much Sunshine

CONTEST

—Is in Progress, we are—

Disposing of Our Entire Stock

Preparatory to going out of the Retail Business.

WEDDING PRESENTS!

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

A Full and Complete Stock of the Best Jewelers' Goods.

Davidson Bros.,

The Jewellers, 59 Government St.

NOLTE'S PATENT

Classes Accurately Adjusted

F. W. Nolte & Co
The Only Opticians
37 Fort Street.

Use Judgment

Of all the articles you buy, none need more careful attention in selecting than boots. You must consider the style, comfort, general make-up and price. Remember these things when you are getting a pair of Winter Shoes. Probably you might save time by coming right down and asking to see a pair of our

CORK SOLED SHOES.

Pretty sure to suit you. Other Waterproof Goods.

A. B. Erskine,

Corner Government and Johson Sts.